UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of **November 2023**.

Commission File Number: **001-40065**

IM Cannabis Corp.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Kibbutz Glil Yam, Central District, Israel 4690500
(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ☒ Form 40-F ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): ____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): ____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted to furnish a report or other document that the registrant foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's "home country"), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and, if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

IM CANNABIS CORP.
(Registrant)

Date: November 13, 2023

By: *<u>/s/ Oren Shuster</u>*
Name: Oren Shuster
Title: Chief Executive Officer and Director

EXHIBIT INDEX

99.1 News Release dated November 13, 2023
99.2 Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2023
99.3 Management's Discussion and Analysis for the nine months ended September 30, 2023
99.4 Certification of Interim Filings by CFO dated November 13, 2023
99.5 Certification of Interim Filings by CEO dated November 13, 2023

Exhibit 99.1

IM Cannabis Reports Third Quarter 2023 Financial Results

IMC remains singularly focused on accelerating its path to profitability through active cost management and margin improvement while maintaining sales.

TORONTO, and GLIL YAM, Israel, Nov. 13, 2023 /PRNewswire/ -- IM Cannabis Corp. (the "**Company**" or "**IMC**") (NASDAQ: IMCC) (CSE: IMCC), an international medical cannabis company, announced its financial results today for the third quarter ended September 30, 2023. All amounts are reported in Canadian dollars and compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2022, unless otherwise stated.

The full set of unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 (the "**Q3 FS**"), and the accompanying management's discussion and analysis (the "**Q3 MD&A**"), can be accessed by visiting the Company's website at https://investors.imcannabis.com/, and its profile pages on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca, and EDGAR at www.sec.gov.

Q3 2023 Financial Highlights

- **6.6% decrease** in Revenue and an **additional 6.4% decrease** in Revenue directly related to negative currency fluctuations for a total revenue of $12.4 million
- **10% increase** in Gross Margin
- **30% increase** in Gross Profit
- **65% decrease** in Non-IFRS Adjusted EBITDA Loss
- **34% decrease** in operating expenses, a 6% decrease compared to Q2, 2023

Management Commentary

"As in the previous quarters, in Q3 2023, we continued towards our goal of sustainable profitability," said **Oren Shuster, Chief Executive Officer of IMC.** "Our focus on premium and premium plus in the Israeli market, where we are market leaders. On the flip side, we had to adjust our portfolio accordingly, to clean out the slow-moving mid and low range stock, which increased our sales volumes, but affected both our revenue and gross margin this quarter."

"In Q3 we were further able to deliver on our goal of active cost and margin management," said **Itay Vago, Chief Financial Officer** of IMC. "While we were able to further reduce our operating costs in Q3 by 34% vs Q3 2022 and 6% vs Q2 2023, our revenue and gross margin was negatively impacted by the currency fluctuations between the Israeli Shekel and the Canadian Dollar causing a 2.4% decrease in revenue in Q3 vs Q2 2023 and a $800.000 decrease overall in 2023."

Q3 2023 Conference Call

The Company will host a zoom web conference call today at 9:00 a.m. ET to discuss the results, followed by a question-and-answer session for the investment community. Investors are invited to register by clicking here. All relevant information will be sent upon registration.

If you are unable to join us live, a recording of the call will be available on our website at https://investors.imcannabis.com/ within 24 hours after the call.

Operational Highlights

- In Q3 we kicked off a full integration project between Israel and Germany to further drive efficiencies in both of our markets. From supply to marketing and sales we are sharing information and working together as one team.

On October 7, 2023, the war between the terror organization Hamas and Israel began. While it is still too early to assess the extent of the impact it has and will have on the medical cannabis industry in Israel and on IMC, we expect that IMC may be impacted.

IMC Israel:

- We reenforced our position as #1 in the premium market through the launch of two new LOT 420 high THC strains, Glto 33 and Xeno, as well as an additional IMC product, Chemchew.

- We outsourced outpatient delivery service, keeping the same level of service but with an estimated $300,000 CAD in annual savings.

IMC Germany:

- We launched our first premium High THC strain leveraging the entire IMC Israel branding and collateral. By working closely with the Israeli team, we were able to ensure that this launch was our strongest launch in Germany so far.

Q3 2023 Financial Results

- **Revenues** for the third quarter of 2023 were $12.4 million compared to $14.2 million in the third quarter of 2022, a **decrease of 13%**. Of these 13%, almost half, 6.4% or $0.9 million of the decrease is coming from negative currency fluctuations.

- **Gross Margin,** before fair value adjustments, in the third quarter of 2023 was 22%, compared to 20% in the third quarter of 2022, an **increase of 10%.**

- **Non-IFRS Adjusted EBITDA Loss** in the third quarter of 2023 was **$1.3 million**, compared to an Adjusted EBITDA Loss of $3.7 million in the third quarter of 2022, a **decrease of 65**%. The decrease is mainly attributable to slow moving mid-range stock discounts and dollar rate increase effect.

- **Total Operating Expenses** in the third quarter of 2023 were $4.9 million, compared to $7.5 million in the third quarter of 2022, a **decrease of 34%**. Most of the decline can be attributed to restructuring that took place in 2023.

- **Total Dried Flower** sold in the third quarter of 2023 was approximately 2,558kg with an average selling price of $4.35 per gram compared to approximately 1,453kg in the third quarter of 2022 with an average selling price of $9.08 per gram. The decrease in average selling price was caused by increased competition within the retail segment, and mid-range stock discounts.

- **Gross Profit** for the third quarter of 2023 was $2.6 million, compared to $2 million in the third quarter of 2022, an **increase of 30%.** The increase is mainly attributable to increased high margin sales of imported premium cannabis products, and reduction of costs of sales.

- **General and Administrative Expenses** in the third quarter of 2023 were $2.1 million, compared to $4.3 million in the third quarter of 2022, a **decrease of 51%**. The decrease in the general and administrative expense is mainly attributable to reduced employee salaries derived from the restructuring plan in Israel announced in the first quarter of 2023 and presented separately in the interim financial statement for the period.

- **Selling and Marketing Expenses** in the third quarter of 2023 were $2.6 million, compared to $2.8 million in the third quarter of 2022, a **decrease of 7%**.

- **Operating Loss** in the third quarter of 2023 was $2.3 million, compared to $5.5 million in the third quarter of 2022, a **decrease of 58**%.

- **Net Loss from Continuing Operations** in the third quarter of 2023 was $2.1 million, compared to $4.5 million in the third quarter of 2022**,** driven mostly by higher gross margin and reduction in operating expenses and offset by finance income in the third quarter of 2022.

- **Basic Loss and Diluted per Share from Continuing Operations** in the third quarter of 2023 was $(0.16), compared to a loss of $(0.06) per share in the third quarter of 2022.

- **Cash and Cash Equivalents** as of September 30, 2023 were $1.3 million, compared to $2.4 million in December 31, 2022.

- **Total Assets** as of September 30, 2023 were $52.4 million, compared to $60.7 million in December 31, 2022, a **decrease of 14%**. The decrease is mainly attributed to reduced cash and cash equivalents, inventory and to the effect of dollar rate increase on items denominated in Israeli Shekels.

- **Total Liabilities** as of September 30, 2023 were $32.6 million, compared to $36.9 in December 31, 2022, a **decrease of 12%.** The decrease was mainly due to the reduction in trade payables, valuation of warrants fair value and to the effect of dollar rate increase on items denominated in Israeli Shekels.

Non-IFRS Measures

This press release makes reference to "Gross Margin" and "Adjusted EBITDA", which are financial measures that are not recognized measures under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. These measures are provided as complementary information to the Company's IFRS measures by providing further understanding of our results of operations from management's perspective. Accordingly, these measures should neither be considered in isolation nor as a substitute for analysis of our financial information reported under IFRS.

For an explanation of how management defines Gross Margin and Adjusted EBITDA, see the Company's management's discussion and analysis for the period ended December 31, 2022, available under the Company's SEDAR+ profile at www.sedarplus.ca on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.

We reconcile these non-IFRS financial measures to the most comparable IFRS measures as set out below.

About IM Cannabis Corp.

IMC (Nasdaq: IMCC) (CSE: IMCC) is an international cannabis company that provides premium cannabis products to medical patients in Israel and Germany, two of the largest medical cannabis markets. The Company has recently exited operations in Canada to pivot its focus and resources to achieve sustainable and profitable growth in its highest value markets, Israel and Germany. The Company leverages a transnational ecosystem powered by a unique data-driven approach and a globally sourced product supply chain. With an unwavering commitment to responsible growth and compliance with the strictest regulatory environments, the Company strives to amplify its commercial and brand power to become a global high-quality cannabis player.

The IMC ecosystem operates in Israel through its commercial relationship with Focus Medical Herbs Ltd., which imports and distributes cannabis to medical patients, leveraging years of proprietary data and patient insights. The Company also operates medical cannabis retail pharmacies, online platforms, distribution centers, and logistical hubs in Israel that enable the safe delivery and quality control of IMC products throughout the entire value chain. In Germany, the IMC ecosystem operates through Adjupharm GmbH, where it distributes cannabis to pharmacies for medical cannabis patients. Until recently, the Company also actively operated in Canada through Trichome Financial Corp and its wholly owned subsidiaries, where it cultivated, processed, packaged, and sold premium and ultra-premium cannabis at its own facilities under the WAGNERS and Highland Grow brands for the adult-use market in Canada. The Company has exiting operations in Canada and considers these operations discontinued.

Disclaimer for Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking information or forward-looking statements under applicable Canadian and United States securities laws (collectively, "**forward-looking statements**"). All information that addresses activities or developments that we expect to occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "seek", "anticipate", "believe", "plan", "estimate", "expect", "likely" and "intend" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "should", "could" or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on the estimates and opinions of management on the date the statements are made. In the press release, such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements relating to the Company leaving the Canadian cannabis market to focus on the Israel and Germany markets; the impact of the Israel-Hamas war on the Company, its operations and the medical cannabis industry in Israel; the Company's focus and goals, including remaining singularly focused on accelerating its path to profitability through active cost management and margin improvement while maintaining sales; the Company achieving sustainable profitability and increasing shareholder value; statements regarding the Company's ongoing restructuring of its operations, including the reduction in its Israeli workforce; the strategic plans of the Company; and the Company's estimated cost reductions and its ability to maintain revenues.

Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions that may prove to be incorrect, including but not limited to: the development and introduction of new products; continuing demand for medical and adult-use recreational cannabis in the markets in which the Company operates; the Company's ability to reach patients through both e-commerce and brick and mortar retail operations; the Company's ability to maintain and renew or obtain required licenses; the effectiveness of its products for medical cannabis patients and recreational consumers; the Company focusing on the Israel and Germany markets; the Israel-Hamas war having minimal impact on the Company, its operations and the medical cannabis industry in Israel; the Company remaining singularly focused on accelerating its path to profitability; the Company continuing to actively cost manage and improve margins, while maintaining sales; the Company continuing to achieve sustainable profitability and increase shareholder value; the Company completing its restructuring of its operations, including the reduction in its Israeli workforce; the Company achieving cost reductions and maintaining revenues; and the Company's ability to market its brands and services successfully to its anticipated customers and medical cannabis patients.

The above lists of forward-looking statements and assumptions are not exhaustive. Since forward-looking statements address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those currently anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements due to a number of factors and risks. These include: any failure of the Company to maintain "de facto" control over Focus Medical in accordance with IFRS 10; the failure of the Company to comply with applicable regulatory requirements in a highly regulated industry; unexpected changes in governmental policies and regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates; the Company's ability to continue to meet the listing requirements of the Canadian Securities Exchange and the NASDAQ Capital Market; any unexpected failure to maintain in good standing or renew its licenses; the ability of the Company and Focus Medical (collectively, the "**Group**") to deliver on their sales commitments or growth objectives; the reliance of the Group on third-party supply agreements to provide sufficient quantities of medical cannabis to fulfil the Group's obligations; the Group's possible exposure to liability, the perceived level of risk related thereto, and the anticipated results of any litigation or other similar disputes or legal proceedings involving the Group; the impact of increasing competition; any lack of merger and acquisition opportunities; adverse market conditions; the inherent uncertainty of production quantities, qualities and cost estimates and the potential for unexpected costs and expenses; risks of product liability and other safety-related liability from the usage of the Group's cannabis products; supply chain constraints; reliance on key personnel; the risk of defaulting on existing debt; risks surrounding war, conflict and civil unrest in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, including the impact of the Israel-Hamas war on the Company, its operations and the medical cannabis industry in Israel; risks associated with the Company focusing on the Israel and Germany markets; the inability of the Company to achieve sustainable profitability and/or increase shareholder value; the inability of the Company to actively manage costs and/or improve margins; the inability of the company to grow and/or maintain sales; the inability of the Company to meet its goals and/or strategic plans; and the inability of the Company to reduce costs and/or maintain revenues.

Please see the other risks, uncertainties and factors set out under the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's annual report dated March 29, 2023, which is available on the Company's issuer profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and Edgar at www.sec.gov/edgar. Any forward-looking statement included in this press release is made as of the date of this press release and is based on the beliefs, estimates, expectations and opinions of management on the date such forward looking information is made. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements except as required by applicable securities laws. Investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements contained in this press release are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

Company Contact:

Anna Taranko, Director Investor & Public Relations
IM Cannabis Corp.
+49 157 80554338
a.taranko@imcannabis.de

Oren Shuster, CEO
IM Cannabis Corp.
+972-77-3603504
info@imcannabis.com

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Note	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents		$ 1,304	$ 2,449
Trade receivables		9,672	8,684
Advances to suppliers		1,198	1,631
Other accounts receivable		5,140	3,323
Inventories		11,031	16,585
		28,345	32,672
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			
Property, plant and equipment, net		5,020	5,221
Investments in affiliates		2,202	2,410
Right-of-use assets, net		1,203	1,929
Deferred tax assets, net		648	763
Intangible assets, net		6,021	7,910
Goodwill		8,926	9,771
		24,020	28,004
Total assets		$ 52,365	$ 60,676

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Note	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Trade payables		$ 9,586	$ 15,312
Bank loans and credit facilities		10,137	9,246
Other accounts payable and accrued expenses		6,000	6,013
Accrued purchase consideration liabilities		1,830	2,434
Current maturities of operating lease liabilities		448	814
		28,001	33,819
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Warrants measured at fair value	3	2,447	8
Operating lease liabilities		720	1,075
Long-term loans		376	399
Employee benefit liabilities, net		30	246
Deferred tax liability, net		997	1,332
		4,570	3,060
Total liabilities		32,571	36,879
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY:	4		
Share capital and premium		251,155	245,776
Translation reserve		1,304	1,283
Reserve from share-based payment transactions		12,455	15,167
Accumulated deficit		(245,747)	(239,574)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		19,167	22,652
Non-controlling interests		627	1,145
Total equity		19,794	23,797
Total liabilities and equity		$ 52,365	$ 60,676

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands, except per share data

	Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)			
Revenues	$ 38,106	$ 39,874	$ 12,370	$ 14,170
Cost of revenues	28,391	31,374	9,632	11,351
Gross profit before fair value adjustments	9,715	8,500	2,738	2,819
Fair value adjustments:				
Unrealized change in fair value of biological assets	-	(315)	-	-
Realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold in the period	(710)	(1,626)	(93)	(866)
Total fair value adjustments	(710)	(1,941)	(93)	(866)
Gross profit	9,005	6,559	2,645	1,953
General and administrative expenses	7,708	11,670	2,145	4,315
Selling and marketing expenses	7,991	8,379	2,564	2,797
Restructuring expenses	617	4,383	-	-
Share-based compensation	316	2,209	195	367
Total operating expenses	16,632	26,641	4,904	7,479
Operating loss	7,627	20,082	2,259	5,526
Finance income, net	869	3,782	248	1,198
Loss before income taxes	6,758	16,300	2,011	4,328
Income tax benefit (expense)	(50)	(1,029)	125	204
Net loss from continuing operations	(6,708)	(15,271)	(2,136)	(4,532)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	(142,581)	-	(123,643)
Net loss	(6,708)	(157,852)	(2,136)	(128,175)
Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Remeasurement gain on defined benefit plan	36	-	-	-
Exchange differences on translation to presentation currency	(622)	(1,630)	39	1,312
Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(586)	(1,630)	39	1,312
Other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Adjustments arising from translating financial statements of foreign operation	624	654	158	(549)
Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	624	654	158	(549)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	38	(976)	197	763
Total comprehensive loss	$ (6,670)	$ (158,828)	$ (1,939)	$ (127,412)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands, except per share data

		Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
	Note	Unaudited			
Net loss attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		$ (6,209)	$ (155,863)	$ (2,150)	$ (127,788)
Non-controlling interests		(499)	(1,989)	14	(387)
		$ (6,708)	$ (157,852)	$ (2,136)	$ (128,175)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		$ (6,152)	$ (156,754)	$ (1,943)	$ (127,069)
Non-controlling interests		(518)	(2,074)	4	(343)
		$ (6,670)	$ (158,828)	$ (1,939)	$ (127,412)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to equity holders of the Company:	6				
Basic loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (2.22)	$ (0.16)	$ (1.81)
Diluted loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (2.29)	$ (0.16)	$ (1.81)
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to equity holders of the Company from continuing operations:					
Basic loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (0.19)	$ (0.16)	$ (0.06)
Diluted loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (0.26)	$ (0.16)	$ (0.06)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company from discontinued operations:					
Basic and diluted loss per share (in CAD)		-	$ (2.03)	-	$ (1.75)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	**2022**
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss for the period	$ (6,708)	$ (157,852)
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Unrealized gain on changes in fair value of biological assets	-	(553)
Fair value adjustment on sale of inventory	710	3,816
Fair value adjustment of warrants measured at fair value and derivative assets	(4,547)	(5,892)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	494	2,530
Amortization of intangible assets	1,329	1,834
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	442	1,504
Goodwill impairment	-	107,854
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	-	2,277
Impairment of intangible assets	-	3,067
Impairment of right-of-use assets	-	1,914
Finance expenses, net	3,678	6,226
Deferred tax benefit, net	(200)	(1,851)
Share-based payment	316	3,284
Revaluation of other receivable	-	4,191
Restructuring expenses	-	8,773
	2,222	138,974
Changes in working capital:		
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables, net	(2,719)	1,215
Decrease (increase) in other accounts receivable	(353)	3,419
Decrease in biological assets, net of fair value adjustments	-	522
Decrease (increase) in inventories, net of fair value adjustments	4,844	(641)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	(4,652)	8,020
Increase (decrease) in employee benefit liabilities, net	(204)	14
Increase (decrease) in other accounts payable and accrued expenses	265	(3,324)
	(2,819)	9,225
Taxes paid	(552)	(470)
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,857)	(10,123)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	**2022**
	Unaudited	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	$ (553)	$ (1,386)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	-	210
Proceeds from loans receivable	-	350
Net cash used in investing activities	$ (553)	$ (826)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of share capital, net of issuance costs	$ 1,688	$ 3,174
Proceeds from exercise of options	-	335
Proceeds from issuance of Warrants	6,585	-
Repayment of lease liability	(435)	(1,075)
Payment of lease liability interest	(44)	(1,262)
(Repayment) proceeds from bank loan and credit facilities, net	(1,109)	2,510
Interest paid	(163)	(774)
Proceeds from factoring of checks receivables	2,932	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	9,454	2,908
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	(2,189)	(1,879)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,145)	(9,920)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	2,449	13,903
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	$ 1,304	$ 3,983
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:		
Right-of-use asset recognized with corresponding lease liability	$ 49	$ 269
Issuance of shares in payment of purchase consideration liability	$ -	$ 3,062
Issuance of shares and warrants in payment of debt settlement to a non-independent director of the company	$ 1,061	$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Logo - https://mma.prnewswire.com/media/1742228/IM_Cannabis_Logo.jpg

Exhibit 99.2

IM CANNABIS CORP. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

UNAUDITED

NOTICE TO READER

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of IM Cannabis Corp. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

IM CANNABIS CORP. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

CANADIAN DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS

(Unaudited)

INDEX

	Page
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	F-4 - F-5
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	F-6 - F-7
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	F-8
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	F-9 - F-10
Notes to Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	F-11 - F-29

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Note	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents		$ 1,304	$ 2,449
Trade receivables		9,672	8,684
Advances to suppliers		1,198	1,631
Other accounts receivable		5,140	3,323
Inventories		11,031	16,585
		28,345	32,672
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			
Property, plant and equipment, net		5,020	5,221
Investments in affiliates		2,202	2,410
Right-of-use assets, net		1,203	1,929
Deferred tax assets, net		648	763
Intangible assets, net		6,021	7,910
Goodwill		8,926	9,771
		24,020	28,004
Total assets		$ 52,365	$ 60,676

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Note	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Trade payables		$ 9,586	$ 15,312
Bank loans and credit facilities		10,137	9,246
Other accounts payable and accrued expenses		6,000	6,013
Accrued purchase consideration liabilities		1,830	2,434
Current maturities of operating lease liabilities		448	814
		28,001	33,819
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Warrants measured at fair value	3	2,447	8
Operating lease liabilities		720	1,075
Long-term loans		376	399
Employee benefit liabilities, net		30	246
Deferred tax liability, net		997	1,332
		4,570	3,060
Total liabilities		32,571	36,879
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY:	4		
Share capital and premium		251,155	245,776
Translation reserve		1,304	1,283
Reserve from share-based payment transactions		12,455	15,167
Accumulated deficit		(245,747)	(239,574)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		19,167	22,652
Non-controlling interests		627	1,145
Total equity		19,794	23,797
Total liabilities and equity		$ 52,365	$ 60,676

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands, except per share data

	Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)			
Revenues	$ 38,106	$ 39,874	$ 12,370	$ 14,170
Cost of revenues	28,391	31,374	9,632	11,351
Gross profit before fair value adjustments	9,715	8,500	2,738	2,819
Fair value adjustments:				
Unrealized change in fair value of biological assets	-	(315)	-	-
Realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold in the period	(710)	(1,626)	(93)	(866)
Total fair value adjustments	(710)	(1,941)	(93)	(866)
Gross profit	9,005	6,559	2,645	1,953
General and administrative expenses	7,708	11,670	2,145	4,315
Selling and marketing expenses	7,991	8,379	2,564	2,797
Restructuring expenses	617	4,383	-	-
Share-based compensation	316	2,209	195	367
Total operating expenses	16,632	26,641	4,904	7,479
Operating loss	7,627	20,082	2,259	5,526
Finance income, net	869	3,782	248	1,198
Loss before income taxes	6,758	16,300	2,011	4,328
Income tax benefit (expense)	(50)	(1,029)	125	204
Net loss from continuing operations	(6,708)	(15,271)	(2,136)	(4,532)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	(142,581)	-	(123,643)
Net loss	(6,708)	(157,852)	(2,136)	(128,175)
Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Remeasurement gain on defined benefit plan	36	-	-	-
Exchange differences on translation to presentation currency	(622)	(1,630)	39	1,312
Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	(586)	(1,630)	39	1,312
Other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Adjustments arising from translating financial statements of foreign operation	624	654	158	(549)
Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	624	654	158	(549)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	38	(976)	197	763
Total comprehensive loss	$ (6,670)	$ (158,828)	$ (1,939)	$ (127,412)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands, except per share data

		Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
	Note	Unaudited			
Net loss attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		$ (6,209)	$ (155,863)	$ (2,150)	$ (127,788)
Non-controlling interests		(499)	(1,989)	14	(387)
		$ (6,708)	$ (157,852)	$ (2,136)	$ (128,175)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		$ (6,152)	$ (156,754)	$ (1,943)	$ (127,069)
Non-controlling interests		(518)	(2,074)	4	(343)
		$ (6,670)	$ (158,828)	$ (1,939)	$ (127,412)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to equity holders of the Company:	6				
Basic loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (2.22)	$ (0.16)	$ (1.81)
Diluted loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (2.29)	$ (0.16)	$ (1.81)
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to equity holders of the Company from continuing operations:					
Basic loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (0.19)	$ (0.16)	$ (0.06)
Diluted loss per share (in CAD)		$ (0.49)	$ (0.26)	$ (0.16)	$ (0.06)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company from discontinued operations:					
Basic and diluted loss per share (in CAD)		-	$ (2.03)	-	$ (1.75)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Share Capital and premium	Reserve from share-based payment transactions	Translation reserve	Accumulated deficit	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2023	$ 245,776	$ 15,167	$ 1,283	$ (239,574)	$ 22,652	$ 1,145	$ 23,797
Net loss	-	-	-	(6,209)	(6,209)	(499)	(6,708)
Total other comprehensive loss	-	-	21	36	57	(19)	38
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	21	(6,173)	(6,152)	(518)	(6,670)
Issuance of common shares	2,351	-	-	-	2,351	-	2,351
Share-based compensation	-	316	-	-	316	-	316
Expired options	3,028	(3,028)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of September 30, 2023	$ 251,155	$ 12,455	$ 1,304	$ (245,747)	$ 19,167	$ 627	$ 19,794

	Share capital and premium	Treasury stock	Reserve for share-based payment transactions	Translation reserve	Accumulate deficit	Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2022	$ 237,677	$ (660)	$ 12,348	$ 2,614	$ (50,743)	$ 201,236	$ 3,709	$ 204,945
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(155,863)	(155,863)	(1,989)	(157,852)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	(891)	-	(891)	(85)	(976)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(891)	(155,863)	(156,754)	(2,074)	(158,828)
Issuance of common shares	6,236	-	-	-	-	6,236	-	6,236
Exercise of options	1,072	-	(737)	-	-	335	-	335
Share based payment	-	-	3,284	-	-	3,284	-	3,284
Expired Options	217	-	(217)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as of September 30, 2022	$ 245,202	$ (660)	$ 14,678	$ 1,723	$ (206,606)	$ 54,337	$ 1,635	$ 55,972

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	**2022**
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss for the period	$ (6,708)	$ (157,852)
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Unrealized gain on changes in fair value of biological assets	-	(553)
Fair value adjustment on sale of inventory	710	3,816
Fair value adjustment of warrants measured at fair value and derivative assets	(4,547)	(5,892)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	494	2,530
Amortization of intangible assets	1,329	1,834
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	442	1,504
Goodwill impairment	-	107,854
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	-	2,277
Impairment of intangible assets	-	3,067
Impairment of right-of-use assets	-	1,914
Finance expenses, net	3,678	6,226
Deferred tax benefit, net	(200)	(1,851)
Share-based payment	316	3,284
Revaluation of other receivable	-	4,191
Restructuring expenses	-	8,773
	2,222	138,974
Changes in working capital:		
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables, net	(2,719)	1,215
Decrease (increase) in other accounts receivable	(353)	3,419
Decrease in biological assets, net of fair value adjustments	-	522
Decrease (increase) in inventories, net of fair value adjustments	4,844	(641)
Increase (decrease) in trade payables	(4,652)	8,020
Increase (decrease) in employee benefit liabilities, net	(204)	14
Increase (decrease) in other accounts payable and accrued expenses	265	(3,324)
	(2,819)	9,225
Taxes paid	(552)	(470)
Net cash used in operating activities	(7,857)	(10,123)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

Canadian Dollars in thousands

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022
	Unaudited	
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	$ (553)	$ (1,386)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	-	210
Proceeds from loans receivable	-	350
Net cash used in investing activities	$ (553)	$ (826)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of share capital, net of issuance costs	$ 1,688	$ 3,174
Proceeds from exercise of options	-	335
Proceeds from issuance of Warrants	6,585	-
Repayment of lease liability	(435)	(1,075)
Payment of lease liability interest	(44)	(1,262)
(Repayment) proceeds from bank loan and credit facilities, net	(1,109)	2,510
Interest paid	(163)	(774)
Proceeds from factoring of checks receivables	2,932	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	9,454	2,908
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	(2,189)	(1,879)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,145)	(9,920)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	2,449	13,903
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	$ 1,304	$ 3,983
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:		
Right-of-use asset recognized with corresponding lease liability	$ 49	$ 269
Issuance of shares in payment of purchase consideration liability	$ -	$ 3,062
Issuance of shares and warrants in payment of debt settlement to a non-independent director of the company	$ 1,061	$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Canadian Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data

NOTE 1:- GENERAL

a. Corporate information:

IM Cannabis Corp. (the "Company" or "IMCC) is listed for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") and, commencing from March 1, 2021, on NASDAQ under the ticker symbol "IMCC". IMCC's main office is located in Kibbutz Glil-Yam, Israel.

The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively: the "Group"), operate in geographical reporting segments (Note 8). The Group's revenues are generated from sales of medical cannabis products to customers in Israel and in Germany.

In Israel, IMCC operates in the field of medical cannabis, through Focus Medical Herbs Ltd. ("Focus"), which held a cultivation license to breed, grow and supply medical cannabis products in Israel under the regulations of medical cannabis by the Israeli Ministry of Health through its Israel Medical Cannabis Agency ("IMCA") until July 2022. In July 2022 Focus closed its cultivation facility and received an IMCA license which allows it to import cannabis products and proceed with its supply activity. All of its operations are performed pursuant to the Israeli Dangerous Drugs Ordinance (New Version), 1973 (the "Dangerous Drugs Ordinance"), and the related regulations issued by IMCA.

During 2021, IMCC also entered into the field of retail medical cannabis and other pharma products in Israel through the acquisition of several pharmacies and trade houses specializes in medical cannabis, including the pharmacies of Revoly Trading and Marketing Ltd. ("Vironna"), R.A. Yarok Pharm Ltd. and Oranim Plus Pharm Ltd. ("Oranim"), and the trade houses of Panaxia and Rosen High Way Ltd.

In Europe, IMCC operates through Adjupharm GmbH ("Adjupharm"), a German-based subsidiary acquired by IMC Holdings Ltd. ("IMC Holdings") on March 15, 2019. Adjupharm is an EU-GMP certified medical cannabis producer and distributor with wholesale, narcotics handling, manufacturing, procurement, storage and distribution licenses granted by German regulatory authorities that allow for import/export capability with requisite permits.

In Canada, IMCC actively operated until recently through Trichome Financial Corp. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries Trichome JWC Acquisition Corp. ("TJAC") and MYM Nutraceuticals Inc. ("MYM") (collectively: "Trichome" or the "Canadian entities"). The Canadian entities are federally licensed producers of cannabis products in the adult-use recreational cannabis market in Canada. IMCC has exited its operations in Canada, and deconsolidated Trichome on November 7, 2022, pursuant to IFRS.

The Company and its subsidiaries do not engage in any U.S. cannabis-related activities as defined in Canadian Securities Administrators Staff Notice 51-352.

These financial statements have been prepared in a condensed format as of September 30, 2023, and for the nine and three months then ended (the "interim condensed consolidated financial statements"). These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as of December 31, 2022, and for the year then ended and accompanying notes (the "annual consolidated financial statements").

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

The figures disclosure here for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 have been updated and adjust the Company's previously filed unaudited interim financial statements as of March 31, 2023. The adjustments and updates are immaterial.

Panaxia Transaction Update:

On February 13, 2023, the Company announced that it reached an agreement, together with Panaxia, to terminate the option that the Company had, under the Panaxia Transaction, to acquire a pharmacy licensed to dispense and sell medical cannabis to patients, for no additional consideration. Under the agreement, the Company will not be required to make the fifth installment of approximately $262 of Common Shares owed by the Company to Panaxia under the Panaxia Transaction and will receive an agreed compensation amount of approximately $95 from Panaxia to be paid by Panaxia in services and cannabis inflorescence in accordance with the terms as agreed by the parties.

Discontinued operations and Canadian entities CCAA:

On November 7, 2022, in connection with the Company's efforts to achieve operational efficiencies, the Company announced that it is pivoting its focus and resources on growth in its highest value markets in Israel and Germany while also commencing its exit from the Canadian cannabis market as part of the Canadian Restructuring. With this move, the Company aims for a leaner organization with a primary focus on achieving profitability in 2023.

The Canadian operations are held through the Canadian entities and being orderly wound-down under CCAA pursuant to an initial order of the Court issued on November 7, 2022 (as amended and restated by an order made by the Court on November 17, 2022, the "Initial Order"). The Initial Order includes a broad stay (as extended from time to time, the "Stay") of all proceedings against the Canadian entities and its assets. Pursuant to the Initial Order, KSV Restructuring Inc. was appointed as monitor (the "Monitor") in the CCAA Proceedings.

On January 9, 2023, the Court issued an order in the CCAA Proceedings in respect of a motion brought by the Canadian entities to approve, among other things: a sale and investment solicitation process (the "SISP") in respect of the business and assets of the Canadian entities; and a stalking horse share purchase agreement (the "Stalking Horse Purchase Agreement") between the Canadian entities and L5 Capital Inc. ("L5"), a company wholly-owned and controlled by the executive chairman and a director of the Company, dated December 12, 2022. The SISP established a process to solicit interest for investments in, or the sale of any or all of the, the Canadian entities' business and assets.

On February 22, 2023, the Monitor issued a report (the "Monitor's Third Report") in the CCAA Proceedings advising, among other things, that (i) no qualified bids were received pursuant to the SISP, (ii) L5 informed the Canadian entities that it would not be completing the transaction contemplated by the Stalking Horse Purchase Agreement and, as a result, the Canadian entities terminated the Stalking Horse Purchase Agreement, and (iii) the Monitor continues to market for sale the Canadian entities' business and assets, including the brands and other intellectual property owned by the Canadian entities.

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

Pursuant to an order of the Court made on April 6 ,2023 in the CCAA Proceedings (the "**Reverse Vesting Order**"), the Court approved a share purchase agreement (the "**Share Purchase Agreement**") dated March 28, 2023 among Trichome Financial Corp. ("**Trichome**" or the "**Vendor**"), 1000370759 Ontario Inc. (the "**Purchaser**"), Trichome JWC Acquisition Corp. ("**TJAC**"), Trichome Retail Corp. ("**TRC**"), MYM Nutraceuticals Inc. ("**MYM**"), MYM International Brands Inc. ("**MYMB**") and Highland Grow Inc. ("**Highland**", and collectively with TJAC, TRC, MYM and MYMB, the "**Purchased Entities**"). The Purchased Entities and its business and operations were sold to a party that is not related to the Company, for a purchase price of $3,375 along with certain deferred consideration. Thus, the Company has exited operations in Canada which operations have been classified as discontinued in these financial statements. The Company has neither received nor is entitled to any portion of the proceeds from the Share Purchase Agreement.

On September 14, 2023 the CCAA Monitor has asked for an order terminating the CCAA Proceedings and bankrupting Trichome and releasing the Monitor from his duties. On September 14, 2023, the Court issued a Termination Order including the reasons in relation thereto.

The CCAA Proceedings are solely in respect of the Trichome Group. As such, the Company's other assets or subsidiaries, including those in Israel and Germany, are not parties to the CCAA Proceedings.

Uniclaro GmbH vs. adjupharm

On December 22, 2022, Uniclaro GmbH filed a statement of claim against Adjupharm with the district court in Hamburg. According to the statement of claim, Uniclaro GmbH ("Uniclaro") is claiming the purchase price for 300,000 Covid-19 rapid tests in the total amount of EUR 1,046,010 (approximately $1,540), including VAT, in exchange for 300,000 Covid-19 rapid tests which Uniclaro has in its storage.

Uniclaro alleges in this lawsuit that Adjupharm placed an order for 4.3 million Covid-19 rapid tests of the brand "Clongene". Furthermore, Uniclaro claims that the order was placed verbally on March 23, 2021 and that Adjupharm has already paid for a portion of these tests and received them, but not yet the entire 4.3 million tests. They reserve the right to extend the lawsuit for the remaining amount (which they did not specify).

According to Uniclaro's statement of claim the lawsuit does not concern the same purchase price and the same Covid-19 rapid tests as in the Stroakmont & Atton Claim described in Note 16 to the annual consolidated financial statements. On 23 February 2023, the Company provided its statement of defense to the court. The statement of defense contains similar arguments to reject the allegations in this respect as in the court proceedings in Stuttgart about the counterclaims. As a next step, Uniclaro is allowed to respond to the Company's statement of defense.

At this stage, the Company management cannot assess the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of these proceedings. Therefore, no provision has been recorded in respect of this claim.

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

COVID-19 Test Kits Claim, District Court of Stuttgart

On April 3, 2023, Stuttgart Court announced its decision (the "Judgment") and sentenced Stroakmont & Atton to pay to Adjupharm EUR 947,563 (approximately $1,395) plus interest in the amount of 5 percentage points above the German basis rate since May 8, 2021. In addition, Stroakmont & Atton was sentenced to pay Adjupharm EUR 6,551(approximately $9) plus interest at 5 percentage points above the German basis rate since December 14, 2021. The directors of Stroakmont, Mr. Simic and Mr. Lapeschi, were not sentenced and in this respect, the claim was dismissed against them in their personal capacity. Adjupharm shall pay 2/3 of the Stuttgart Court costs and the out-of-court costs of Mr. Simic and Mr. Lapeschi. Stroakmont shall bear 1/3 of the Stuttgart Court costs and 1/3 of the out-of-court costs of Adjupharm. The remaining out-of-court costs shall be borne by each party. The Judgment is not yet final and therefore cannot be enforced. On May 5, 2023, Adjupharm and Stroakmont & Atton, each has lodged an appeal with the Stuttgart Court (the "Appeals") regarding the Judgment. On June 23, 2023, Adjupharm filed its statement of grounds for appeal with the Higher Regional Court of Stuttgart.

At this stage, the Company management cannot assess its ability to collect the payment awarded in the Judgment and the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of the Appeal (See also Note 16 to Annual Consolidated Financial Statement for 2022). Accordingly, no receivable has been recorded in the financial statements respect of this claim.

Debt Settlement with L5 Capital

On May 8th, 2023, the Company announced that on May 5th, 2023, it has closed the securities for debt settlement transaction with L5 Capital (the “Debt Settlement”). Pursuant to the Debt Settlement, the Company settled outstanding indebtedness of $838,776 (approximately US$615,615) through issuing 492,492 Units at a price of US$1.25 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one Common Share of the Company and one Common Share purchase Warrant. Each Warrant entitles L5 Capital to purchase one additional Common Share at an exercise price of US$1.50 per Common Share for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance. All securities issued are subject to a statutory hold period of four months and one day from the date of issuance in accordance with applicable Canadian securities legislation.

Liquidity and capital resources

1. In January 2022, Focus entered into a revolving credit facility with an Israeli bank, Bank Mizrahi (the “Mizrahi Facility”). The Mizrahi Facility is guaranteed by Focus assets. Advances from the Mizrahi Facility will be used for working capital needs. The Mizrahi Facility has a total commitment of up to NIS 15 million (approximately $6,000) and has a one-year term for on-going needs and 6 months term for imports and purchases needs. The Mizrahi Facility is renewable upon mutual agreement by the parties. The borrowing base is available for draw at any time throughout the Mizrahi Facility and is subject to several covenants to be measured on a quarterly basis (the “Mizrahi Facility Covenants”).

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

The Mizrahi Facility bears interest at the Israeli Prime interest rate plus 1.5%. During the first quarter of 2023 the Company reduced total commitment to NIS 10,000 (approx. $3,600) and as of September 30, 2023 Focus has drawn down $nil in respect of the Mizrahi Facility

On May 17, 2023, the Company and Bank Mizrahi entered to new credit facility with total commitment of up to NIS 10,000 (approximately $3,600) (the "New Mizrahi Facility"). The New Mizrahi Facility consists of NIS 5,000 credit line and NIS 5,000 loan to be settled with 24 monthly installments from May 2023. This loan bears interest at the Israeli Prime interest rate plus 2.9%. As of September 30, 2023 Focus has drawn down $3,262 in respect of the new Mizrahi facility (comprised of approx. $1,762 credit line and $1,500 loan). The New Credit facility is also subject to several covenants to be measured on a quarterly basis which are not met as of September 30, 2023, therefore the loan is classified as short-term loan.

The Company's CEO and director, provided to the bank a personal guarantee in the amount of the outstanding borrowed amount, allowing the New Mizrahi Facility to remain effective.

2. On August 24, 2022, the Company announced a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of up to $6,500 (US$5 million) (the "Private Placement"). In this Private Placement the Company issued 599,999 Common Shares for a total amount of $3,756 (US$3 million) including investments by the Company's management and executives. Issuance costs of this transaction amounted to $178.

3. On October 11, 2022, IMC Holdings entered into a loan agreement with A.D.I. Car Alarms Stereo Systems Ltd ("**ADI**" and the "**ADI Agreement**"), to borrow a principal amount of NIS 10,500 thousands (approximately $4,000) at an annual interest of 15% (the "**ADI Loan**"), which is to be repaid within 12 months of the date of the ADI Agreement. The ADI Loan is secured by a second rank land charge on the Logistics Center of Adjupharm. In addition, CEO and Director of the Company, provided a personal guarantee to ADI should the security not be sufficient to cover the repayment of the ADI Loan.

4. In January and February of 2023, the Company issued an aggregate of issued 2,828,248 units of the Company (each a "Unit") at a price of US$1.25 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of US$3,535 (approximately $4,792) in a series of closings pursuant to a non-brokered private placement offering to purchasers resident in Canada (except the Province of Quebec) and/or other qualifying jurisdictions relying on the listed issuer financing exemption under Part 5A of National Instrument 45-106 – Prospectus Exemptions (the "LIFE Offering"). Each Unit consisted of one Common Share and one Common Share purchase warrant (each, a "Warrant"), with each Warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one additional Common Share at an exercise price of US$1.50 for a period of 36 months from the date of issue.

   In addition, a non-independent director of the Company subscribed for an aggregate of 131,700 Units under the LIFE Offering at an aggregate subscription price of US$165 (approximately $224). The director's subscription price was satisfied by the settlement of US$165 in debt owed by the Company to the director for certain consulting services previously rendered by the director to the Company.

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

Concurrent with the LIFE Offering, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,317,171 Units on a non-brokered private placement basis at a price of US$1.25 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of US$2,896 (approximately $3,926) (the "Concurrent Offering"). The Concurrent Offering was led and participated by insiders of the Company of 1,159,999 Units out of the total Concurrent offering Units. The Units offered under the Concurrent Offering were offered for sale to purchasers in all provinces and territories of Canada and jurisdictions outside Canada pursuant to available prospectus exemptions other than for the LIFE Offering exemption.

All Units issued under the Concurrent Offering were subject to a statutory hold period of four months and one day in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws.

5. On July 3rd, 2023, the Company entered into a short-term loan agreement with a non-financial institution in the amount of NIS 1,000 thousands (approx. $358). The Loan beard interest rate of 10% and was repaid in October 2023, according to the Loan Agreement terms.

6. As of September 30, 2023, the Company's cash position (cash and cash equivalents) totaled $1,304 and the Company's working capital (current assets minus current liabilities) amounted to $344. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company had an operating loss of $7,627 and negative cash flows from operating activities of $7,857.

   The Group's current operating budget includes various assumptions concerning the level and timing of cash receipts from sales and cash outlays for operating expenses and capital expenditures, including cost saving plans and restructuring actions taken in 2022 and in 2023. The Company's board of directors approved a cost saving plan, to allow the Company to continue its operations and meet its cash obligations. The cost saving plan consists of cost reduction due to efficiencies and synergies, which include mainly the following steps: discontinued operations of loss-making activities (see Note 8 for Trichome Disposal Group), reduction in payroll and headcount, reduction in compensation paid to key management personnel (including layoffs of key executives), operational efficiencies and reduced capital expenditures – see also Restructuring below.

   Despite the cost savings plan and restructuring as described above, the projected cash flows for 2023 indicates that it is uncertain that the Group will generate sufficient funds to continue its operations and meet its obligations as they become due. The Group continues to evaluate additional sources of capital and financing. However, there is no assurance that additional capital and or financing will be available to the Group, and even if available, whether it will be on terms acceptable to the Group or in amounts required.

   These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

Restructuring

On April 6, 2022, Focus closed the "Sde Avraham", cultivation facility in Israel, resulting in restructuring expenses related to impairment of property, plant and equipment, biological assets and right of use asset and liabilities, in the total amount of $4,383 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

On March 8, 2023, the Company announced its strategy plan in Israel in order to strengthen its focus on core activities and drive efficiencies to realize sustainable profitability. The Company reduced its workforce in Israel by 36% across all functions (including executives). All actions associated with the workforce reduction are expected to be substantially complete by mid-2023, subject to applicable Israeli law. Therefore, the Company recorded restructuring expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 related mainly to salaries to employees in the amount of $617.

On June 30, 2023, the entity responsible for operating the Israeli medical cannabis distribution licensed center that was acquired within the Panaxia Transaction, ceased its operations at the licensed trading house located in Lod, Israel. Consequently, the Company transitioned the operation that was conducted through IMC Pharma to third-party entities and to its own trading house currently being operated by Rosen High Way.

NASDAQ Compliance Notice

On August 1, 2023, the Company received written notification from Nasdaq (the “Notification Letter”) that the closing bid price of the Common Shares had fallen below US$1.00 per share over a period of 30 consecutive business days, with the result that the Company was not in compliance with the Minimum Share Price Listing Requirement. The Notification Letter provided that the Company has until January 16, 2024, being 180 calendar days following receipt of such notice to regain compliance with the Minimum Share Price Listing Requirement for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.

b. Approval of Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company were authorized for issue by the board of directors on November 12, 2023

NOTE 1:- GENERAL (Cont.)

c. Definitions:

In these financial statements:

The Company, or IMCC	-	IM Cannabis Corp.
The Group	-	IM Cannabis Corp., its Subsidiaries and Focus
Subsidiaries	-	Companies that are controlled by the Company (as defined in IFRS 10) and whose accounts are consolidated with those of the Company
CAD or $	-	Canadian Dollar
NIS	-	New Israeli Shekel
USD or US$	-	United States Dollar
EURO or €	-	Euro

NOTE 2:- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Basis of presentation and measurement:

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34").

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars and are prepared in accordance with the same accounting policies, described in the Company's annual consolidated financial statements. The following new accounting standards applied or adopted during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and had no impact on the Interim Financial Statements:

1) Amendment to IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes to Accounting Estimates and Errors":

In February 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes to Accounting Estimates and Errors" (the "Amendment"), in which it introduces a new definition of "accounting estimates".

Accounting estimates are defined as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". The Amendment clarifies the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. The Amendment is to be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and is applicable to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

NOTE 2:- SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

2) Amendment to IAS 12, "Income Taxes":

In May 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 12, "Income Taxes" ("IAS 12"), which narrows the scope of the initial recognition exception under IAS 12.15 and IAS 12.24 (the "Amendment").

According to the recognition guidelines of deferred tax assets and liabilities, IAS 12 excludes recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities in respect of certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of certain transactions. This exception is referred to as the "initial recognition exception". The Amendment narrows the scope of the initial recognition exception and clarifies that it does not apply to the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from transactions that are not a business combination and that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, even if they meet the other criteria of the initial recognition exception.

The Amendment applies for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted. In relation to leases and decommissioning obligations, the Amendment is to be applied commencing from the earliest reporting period presented in the financial statements in which the Amendment is initially applied. The cumulative effect of the initial application of the Amendment should be recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or another component of equity, as appropriate) at that date.

The initial application of the Amendment did not have a material impact on the interim financial statements.

3) Amendment to IAS 1, "Disclosure of Accounting Policies":

In February 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements" (the "Amendment"), which replaces the requirement to disclose 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose 'material' accounting policies. One of the main reasons for the Amendment is the absence of a definition of the term 'significant' in IFRS whereas the term 'material' is defined in several standards and particularly in IAS 1.

The Amendment is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

b. Significant accounting judgements and estimates:

The preparation of the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements under IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions about the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities. Estimates and related assumptions are based on historical experience and other relevant factors. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis for reasonableness and relevancy. Where revisions are required, they are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised as well as future periods that are affected.

NOTE 3:- FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Financial instruments are measured either at fair value or at amortized cost. The table below lists the valuation methods used to determine fair value of each financial instrument.

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value	Fair Value Method
Liability for Warrants *)	Black & Scholes model (Level 3 category)
Investment in affiliates	Market comparable (Level 3 category)

Management believes that the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other accounts receivable, trade payables, bank loans and credit facility, other account payables and accrued expenses and accrued purchase consideration payable approximate their fair value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

*) Finance (income) expenses include fair value adjustment of Warrants measured at fair value, which for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to $(4,547) and $(5,905) respectively.

Finance (income) expenses include fair value adjustment of Warrants measured at fair value, for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to $(1,243) and $(202), respectively.

The Warrants fair value as of September 30, 2023 was measured using the Black & Scholes model with the following key assumptions:

	May 2023	Issue date February 2023	May 2021
Expected volatility	97%	104%	97%
Share price (Canadian Dollar)	0.97	0.97	0.97
Expected life (in years)	2.589	2.342	2.589
Risk-free interest rate	3.62%	3.70%	3.62%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%	0%
Fair value:			
Per Warrant (Canadian Dollar)	$ 0.408	$ 0.418	$ 0.129
Total Warrants (Canadian Dollar in thousands)	$ 201	$ 2,208	$ 38

NOTE 4:- EQUITY

a. Composition of share capital:

	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Authorized	Issued and outstanding	Authorized	Issued and outstanding
Common Shares without par value	Unlimited	13,394,136	Unlimited	7,569,526

Common Shares confer upon their holders the right to participate in the general meeting where each Common Share has one voting right in all matters, receive dividends if and when declared and to participate in the distribution of surplus assets in case of liquidation of the Company.

On November 14, 2022, the Company's shareholders general meeting resolved to consolidated all of its issued and outstanding Ordinary shares on a ten (10) to one (1) basis (the "Share Consolidation"). All share and per share amounts in these consolidated financial statements, give effect to the Share Consolidation for all periods presented.

b. Capital issuances:

LIFE Offering

In January and February of 2023, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,828,248 units of the Company (each a "Unit") at a price of US$1. 25 ($1.66) per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of US$3,535 ($4,792) thousand in a series of closings pursuant to a non-brokered private placement offering to purchasers resident in Canada (except the Province of Quebec) and/or other qualifying jurisdictions relying on the listed issuer financing exemption under Part 5A of National Instrument 45-106 – Prospectus Exemptions (the "LIFE Offering"). Each Unit consisted of one Common Share and one Common Share purchase warrant (each, a "Warrant"), with each Warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one additional Common Share at an exercise price of US$1.50 ($1.99) for a period of 36 months from the date of issue.

In addition, a non-independent director of the Company subscribed for an aggregate of 131,700 Units under the LIFE Offering at an aggregate subscription price of US$165 ($224). The director's subscription price was satisfied by the settlement of US$165 in debt owed by the Company to the director for certain consulting services previously rendered by the director to the Company.

Concurrent Offering

Concurrent with the LIFE Offering, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,317,171 Units on a non-brokered private placement basis at a price of US$1.25 ($1.66) per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of US$2,896 ($3,926) (the "Concurrent Offering"). The Concurrent Offering was led and participated by insiders of the Company of 1,159,999 Units out of the total Concurrent offering Units. The Units offered under the Concurrent Offering were offered for sale to purchasers in all provinces and territories of Canada and jurisdictions outside Canada.

NOTE 4:- EQUITY (Cont.)

pursuant to available prospectus exemptions other than for the LIFE Offering exemption.
All Units issued under the Concurrent Offering were subject to a statutory hold period of four months and one day in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws.

Debt Settlement with L5 Capital

On May 8th, 2023, the Company announced that on May 5th, 2023, it has closed the securities for debt settlement transaction with L5 Capital (the "Debt Settlement"). Pursuant to the Debt Settlement, the Company settled outstanding indebtedness of $838,776 (approximately US$615,615) through issuing 492,492 Units at a price of US$1.25 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one Common Share of the Company and one Common Share purchase Warrant. Each Warrant entitles L5 Capital to purchase one additional Common Share at an exercise price of US$1.50 per Common Share for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance.

Issuance of shares as part of Consulting Agreement

Pursuant to the consulting agreement between the company and L5, the Company issued 50,414 shares as a result of the vested RSU according to the agreed vesting schedule. The shares were issued on May 5, 2023.

In July 24, 2023 additional 4,585 shares were issued as a result of the vested RSU according to the agreed vesting schedule.

c. Changes in issued and outstanding share capital:

	Number of shares
Balance as of January 1, 2023	7,569,526
Issuance of Common Shares pursuant to private placement offering	5,277,119
Issuance of Common Shares pursuant to debt settlement	492,492
Issuance of Common Shares pursuant to vested RSUs	54,999
Balance as of September 30, 2023	13,394,136

NOTE 4:- EQUITY (Cont.)

The following table lists the movement in the number of share options and the weighted average exercise prices of share options in the 2018 Plan:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2023	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price in CAD
Options outstanding at the beginning of the period	519,170	$ 37.61
Options granted during the period	3,000	1.10
Options forfeited during the period	(127,718)	(51.78)
Options outstanding at the end of the period	394,452	$ 32.75
Options exercisable at the end of the period	344,256	$ 36.65

NOTE 5:- SELECTED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS DATA

	Nine months ended September 30,		Three months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Salaries and related expenses	$ 6,081	$ 8,659	$ 1,821	$ 3,103
Depreciation and amortization	$ 2,265	$ 1,942	$ 678	$ 626

NOTE 6:- NET EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Details of the number of shares and income (loss) used in the computation of earnings per share:

	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2023		2022	
	Weighted average number of shares (in thousands)	Net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	Weighted average number of shares (in thousands)	Net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company
For the computation of basic net earnings from continuing operations	12,625	(6,209)	70,337	(13,282)
Effect of potential dilutive Common Shares	-	-	3,077	(5,905)
For the computation of diluted net earnings from continuing operations	12,625	(6,209)	73,414	(19,187)
For the computation of basic and diluted net earnings from discontinued operations	-	-	70,337	(142,581)

	Three months ended September 30,			
	2023		2022	
	Weighted average number of shares (in thousands)	Net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company	Weighted average number of shares (in thousands)	Net loss attributable to equity holders of the Company
For the computation of basic net earnings from continuing operations	13,393	(2,150)	70,667	(4,145)
Effect of potential dilutive Common Shares	-	-	3,077	(203)
For the computation of diluted net earnings from continuing operations	13,393	(2,150)	73,744	(4,348)
For the computation of basic and diluted net earnings from discontinued operations	-	-	70,667	(123,643)

NOTE 7:- OPERATING SEGMENTS

a. Reporting operating segments:

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"), who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The Company's Chief Executive Officer is the CODM. The Company has determined that it operates in two operating segments (after the reclassification of the operating activities of the Trichome Group in Canada as discontinued operations).

Nine months ended September 30, 2023:

	Israel	Germany	Adjustments	Total
Revenue	$ 33,941	$ 4,165	$ -	$ 38,106
Segment loss	$ (2,974)	$ (1,035)	$ -	$ (4,009)
Unallocated corporate expenses	$ -	$ -	$ (3,618)	$ (3,618)
Total operating loss	$ (2,974)	$ (1,035)	$ (3,618)	$ (7,627)
Income (loss) before tax	$ (6,131)	$ (1,537)	$ 910	$ (6,758)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	$ 2,139	$ 126	$ -	$ 2,265

Nine months ended September 30, 2022:

	Israel	Germany	Adjustments	Total
Revenue	$ 37,364	$ 2,510	$ -	$ 39,874
Segment loss	$ (13,325)	$ (2,708)	$ -	$ (16,033)
Unallocated corporate expenses	$ -	$ -	$ (4,049)	$ (4,049)
Total operating loss	$ (13,325)	$ (2,708)	$ (4,049)	$ (20,082)
Income (loss) before tax	$ (15,427)	$ (3,074)	$ 2,201	$ (16,300)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	$ 1,821	$ 121	$ -	$ 1,942

NOTE 7:- OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont.)

Three months ended September 30, 2023:

	Israel	Germany	Adjustments	Total
Revenue	$ 10,832	$ 1,538	$ -	$ 12,370
Segment loss	$ (1,132)	$ (268)	$ -	$ (1,400)
Unallocated corporate expenses	$ -	$ -	$ (859)	$ (859)
Total operating loss	$ (1,132)	$ (268)	$ (859)	$ (2,259)
Income (loss) before tax	$ (1,931)	$ (441)	$ 361	$ (2,011)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	$ 630	$ 48	$ -	$ 678

Three months ended September 30, 2022:

	Israel	Germany	Adjustments	Total
Revenue	$ 13,158	$ 1,012	$ -	$ 14,170
Segment loss	$ (3,110)	$ (699)	$ -	$ (3,809)
Unallocated corporate expenses	$ -	$ -	$ (1,717)	$ (1,717)
Total operating loss	$ (3,110)	$ (699)	$ (1,717)	$ (5,526)
Income (loss) before tax	$ (2,128)	$ (808)	$ (1,392)	$ (4,328)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment	$ 588	$ 38	$ -	$ 626

NOTE 8:- DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND DECONSOLIDATION OF TRICHOME

During 2022, following management strategic review of the operations of the Group, the Company decided to discontinue its operation in Canada and sell its subsidiaries in the segment, Trichome Group.

On November 7, 2022, Trichome Group filed and obtained an initial order under CCAA (see Note 1), which is a Canadian federal law that permits a Canadian business to restructure its affairs while carrying on its business in the ordinary course with minimal disruption to its customers, suppliers and employees.

Per the CCAA proceeding, the Court has appointed a monitor, which oversees management activities. The administration of the CCAA process, principally relating to the powers provided to the court and the court appointed monitor, as well as the secured debtholder interests, removed certain elements of control of the business from the Company. As a result, the Company has determined that it no longer has a controlling financial interest over Trichome Group as defined in IFRS 10, "Consolidations", and therefore has deconsolidated Trichome Group as of the date of the CCAA filing.

Following the deconsolidation, the carrying value of assets and liabilities of Trichome group were removed from the Company's consolidated statements of financial position and the results of operations for the Trichome Group are classified as discontinued operations.

In the context of the CCAA filing, there are no remaining liabilities to the Company or any of its consolidated subsidiaries related to the Canadian entities, except withholding tax obligation of $839.

NOTE 8:- DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND DECONSOLIDATION OF TRICHOME (Cont.)

The results of discontinued operations of Trichome for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

	Nine months	Three months
Revenues	$ 27,272	$ 5,586
Cost of revenues	21,813	6,413
Gross profit before fair value adjustments	5,459	(827)
Fair value adjustments:		
Unrealized change in fair value of biological assets	868	(582)
Realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold in the period	(2,190)	(433)
Total fair value adjustments	(1,322)	(1,015)
Gross profit	4,137	(1,842)
General and administrative expenses	132,784	119,841
Selling and marketing expenses	4,557	1,393
Share-based compensation	1,075	259
Restructuring	4,506	(273)
Total operating expenses	142,922	121,220
Operating loss	(138,785)	(123,062)
Finance expenses, net	(4,117)	(703)
Loss before income taxes	(142,902)	(123,765)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(321)	(122)
Net loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	$ (142,581)	$ (123,643)

Below are data of the net cash flows provided by (used in) the discontinued operations:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2022	Three month ended September 30, 2022
Operating activities	$ (762)	$ 2,010
Investing activities	$ (613)	$ (428)
Financing activities	$ (1,035)	$ (3,032)

NOTE 9:- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Israel-Hamas War

On October 7, 2023, an unprecedented attack was launched against Israel by the terror organization Hamas, which thrust Israel into a state of war. This war has an impact on the company's business operations. The company anticipates a negative impact in Q4 2023. At this stage, the Company believes it is still too early to fully assess the extent of the negative impact.

Short-term Loan Agreements

During October 2023, the Company entered into a series of short-term loans for aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 5,882 thousands (approximately $2,000) from certain lenders, including a director and officer of the Company. Out of the aggregate gross proceeds, a director and officer of the Company loaned an amount of NIS 500 thousands (approximately $170) to the Company.

Five of the loans, totaling aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 4,882 thousands (approximately $1,660), bear interest at an annual rate of 18% and mature six months from the date of issuance along with the associated fees and commissions of 4% per annum for application fee and an origination fee of 4% per annum on each loan.

Additional loan, totaling aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 1,000 thousands (approximately $340), bears interest at an annual rate of 20%, matures six months from the date of issuance and is secured against certain assets of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Company plans to use the proceeds from the loans for general working capital purposes.

ADI Loan Extension

On October 25, 2023, IMC Holdings and ADI signed an amendment to the ADI Agreement, extending the loan period by an additional 3 months. During this extended period, the interest rate will be 15%, with associated fees and commissions of 3% per annum for the application fee and an origination fee of 3% per annum.

Exhibit 99.3

IM Cannabis Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023

November 13, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	4
STRATEGY IN DETAIL	5
GEOGRAPHIES AND NEW MARKETS	5
BRANDS	7
NEW PRODUCTS OFFERINGS	11
HIGH-QUALITY, RELIABLE SUPPLY	11
REVIEW OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE	16
LEGAL AND REGULATORY	40
RISK FACTORS	47
CAUTION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION	52

Management's Discussion and Analysis

INTRODUCTION

IM Cannabis Corp. ("**IM Cannabis**" or the "**Company**") is a British Columbia company operating in the international medical cannabis industry. The Company's common shares (the "**Common Shares**") trade under the ticker symbol "IMCC" on both the NASDAQ Capital Market ("**NASDAQ**") and the Canadian Securities Exchange ("**CSE**") as of March 1, 2021, and November 5, 2019, respectively.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("**MD&A**") reports on the consolidated financial condition and operating results of IM Cannabis for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Throughout this MD&A, unless otherwise specified, references to "we", "us", "our" or similar terms, as well as the "Company" and "IM Cannabis" refer to IM Cannabis Corp., together with its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, and the "Group" refers to the Company, its subsidiaries, and Focus Medical Herbs Ltd.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 (the "**Interim Financial Statements**") and with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (the "**Annual Financial Statements**"). References herein to "Q3 2023" and "Q3 2022" refer to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and September 30, 2022, respectively, and references to "2022" refer to the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("**IFRS**") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**"). IFRS requires management to make certain judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the Interim Financial Statements and the amount of revenue and expenses incurred during the reporting period. The results of operations for the periods reflected herein are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for future periods. The Interim Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, include the accounts of the Group, which includes, among others, the following entities:

Legal Entity	Jurisdiction	Relationship with the Company
I.M.C. Holdings Ltd. ("**IMC Holdings**")	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary
I.M.C. Pharma Ltd. ("**IMC Pharma**")	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
I.M.C. Farms Israel Ltd. ("**IMC Farms**")	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Focus Medical Herbs Ltd. ("**Focus**")	Israel	Private company over which IMC Holdings exercises "de facto control" under IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("**IFRS 10**")
R.A. Yarok Pharm Ltd. ("**Pharm Yarok**")	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Rosen High Way Ltd. ("**Rosen High Way**")	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Revoly Trading and Marketing Ltd. dba Vironna Pharm ("**Vironna**")	Israel	Subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Oranim Plus Pharm Ltd. ("**Oranim Plus**")	Israel	Subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Adjupharm GmbH ("**Adjupharm**")	Germany	Subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Trichome Financial Corp. ("**Trichome**") *	Canada	Wholly-owned subsidiary

* Discontinued operations. For more information, please see "*Corporate Highlights and Events – Key Highlights for the quarter ended September 30, 2023*" below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

All intercompany balances and transactions were eliminated on consolidation. All dollar figures in this MD&A are expressed in thousands of Canadian Dollars ($), except per share data and unless otherwise noted. All references to "NIS" are to New Israeli Shekels. All references to "€" or to "Euros" are to Euros. All references to "US$" or to "U.S. Dollars" are to United States Dollars. The Company's shares, options, units and warrants are not expressed in thousands. Prices are not expressed in thousands.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

Certain non-IFRS financial measures are referenced in this MD&A that do not have any standardized meaning under IFRS, including "Gross Margin", "EBITDA" and "Adjusted EBITDA". The Company believes that these non-IFRS financial measures and operational performance measures, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, enable readers to evaluate the Company's operating results, underlying performance and prospects in a similar manner to the Company's management. For a reconciliation of these non-IFRS financial measures to the most comparable IFRS financial measures, as applicable, see the "*Metrics and Non-IFRS Financial Measures*" section of the MD&A.

NOTE REGARDING THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

The Company complies with IFRS 10 to consolidate the financial results of Focus, a holder of an Israeli Medical Cannabis Agency (the "**IMCA**") license which allows it to import and supply cannabis products, on the basis of which IMC Holdings exercises "de facto control". For a full explanation of the Company's application of IFRS 10, see "*Legal and Regulatory – Restructuring"* and "*Legal and Regulatory – Risk Factors*".

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

OVERVIEW – CURRENT OPERATIONS IN ISRAEL AND GERMANY

IM Cannabis is an international cannabis company that is currently focused on providing premium cannabis products to medical patients in Israel and Germany, two of the world's largest federally legal cannabis markets. Until recently, the Company was also actively servicing adult-use recreational consumers in Canada, however the Company has exited operations in Canada and considers these operations discontinued. The Company leverages a transnational ecosystem powered by a unique data-driven approach and a globally sourced product supply chain. With an unwavering commitment to responsible growth and compliance with the strictest regulatory environments, the Company strives to amplify its commercial and brand power to become a global high-quality cannabis player.

In Israel, the Company imports, distributes and sells cannabis to local medical patients by operating medical cannabis retail pharmacies, online platforms, distribution centers and logistical hubs operating through IMC Holdings' subsidiaries and Focus, leveraging proprietary data and patient insights. The Company also cultivate its existing proprietary genetics with third-party cultivation facilities in Israel.

In Germany, the IM Cannabis ecosystem operates through Adjupharm, importing and distributing cannabis to pharmacies for patients, and acting as the Company's entry point for potential Europe-wide distribution in the future.

OUR GOAL – DRIVE PROFITABLE REVENUE GROWTH

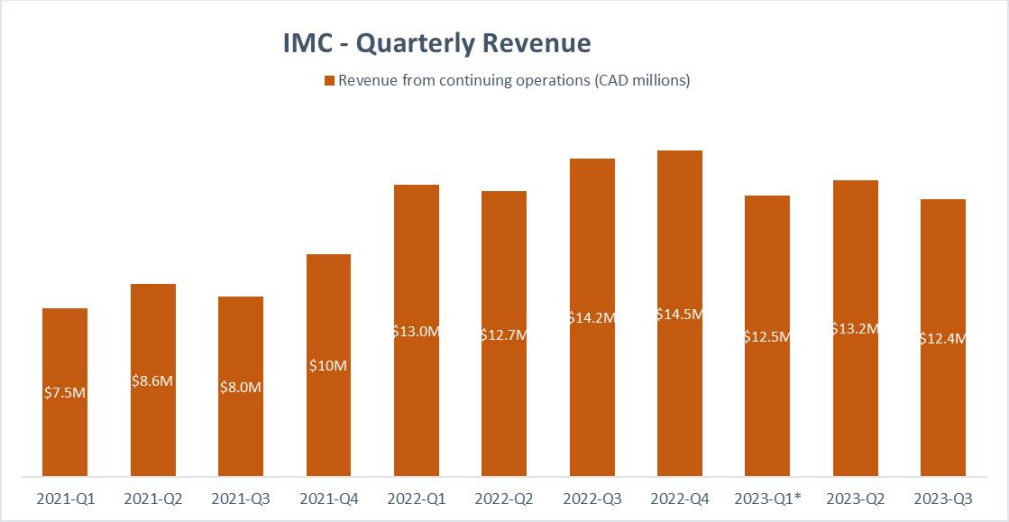
Our primary goal is to sustainably increase revenue in each of our core markets, to accelerate our path to profitability and long-term shareholder value while actively managing costs and margins.

HOW WE PLAN TO ACHIEVE OUR GOAL – CORE STRATEGIES

Our strategy of sustainable and profitable growth consists of:

- Continue building on the increasing demand and positive momentum in Israel and Germany, supported by strategic alliances with Canadian suppliers and a highly skilled sourcing team, to cement its leadership position in markets where the Company operates.
- Develop and execute a long-term growth plan in Germany, based on the strong sourcing infrastructure in Israel which is powered by advanced product knowledge and regulatory expertise establishing, in the Company's view, a competitive advantage ahead of proposals for the legalization of recreational cannabis in Germany.
- Properly position brands with respect to target-market, price, potency and quality, such as our IMC brand in Israel and Germany.
- Strong focus on efficiencies and synergies as a global organization with domestic expertise in Israel and Germany.
- High-quality, reliable supply to our customers and patients, leading to recurring sales.
- Ongoing introduction of new Stock Keeping Unit ("**SKUs**") to keep consumers and patients engaged.

RESULTS – REVENUE OVER QUARTERS



* See Note 1 under *"Review of Financial Performance – Summary of Quarterly Results"* section of the MD&A.

STRATEGY IN DETAIL

GEOGRAPHIES AND NEW MARKETS

The Company operates in the Israeli and German medical cannabis markets. Until recently, the Company was also actively servicing adult-use recreational consumers in Canada, however these operations are discontinued and deconsolidated, effective November 7, 2022, pursuant to IFRS. The Canadian operations were wound-down under the Canadian Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (" **CCAA**") under the supervision of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) (the "**Court**") (the "**CCAA Proceedings**"). The Company has exited operations in Canada Pursuant to an Order of the Court made on April 6, 2023, in which the Court approved a share purchase agreement, selling certain of the Trichome and certain of Trichome's wholly owned subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Trichome Group**") to a party that is not related to the Company. On September 14, 2023 the CCAA Monitor has asked for an order terminating the CCAA Proceedings and bankrupting Trichome and releasing the Monitor from his duties. On September 14, 2023, the Court issued a Termination Order including the reasons in relation thereto. The Company announced that it is pivoting its focus and resources to achieve sustainable and profitable growth in its highest value markets, Israel, Germany and Europe.

In the context of the deconsolidation of the Canadian operations, there are no remaining liabilities to the Company or any of its consolidated subsidiaries related to the Canadian entities, except tax obligation of $839 related to debt settlement with L5 Capital Inc. ("**L5 Capital**").

The CCAA Proceedings are solely in respect of the Trichome Group. As such, the Company's other assets or subsidiaries, including those in Israel and Germany, are not parties to the CCAA Proceedings. For more information about the CCAA Proceedings, see "*Corporate Highlights and Events – Key Highlights for the quarter ended September 30, 2023*" below.

Israel

In Israel, we continue to expand IMC brand recognition and supply the growing Israeli medical cannabis market with our branded products. The Company offers medical cannabis patients a rich variety of high-end medical cannabis products through strategic alliances with Canadian suppliers supported by a highly skilled sourcing team. In addition to the benefits of the Group's long-term presence in Israel, we believe that with our strong sourcing infrastructure in Israel, and advanced product knowledge, regulatory expertise and strong commercial partnerships, the Company is well-positioned to address the ongoing needs and preferences of medical cannabis patients in Israel.

The Company entered additional segments of the medical cannabis value chain in Israel, namely the distribution and retail segments. The Company, through IMC Holdings, acquired three licensed pharmacies in 2022, each selling medical cannabis products to patients: (i) Oranim Plus, Israel's largest pharmacy in Jerusalem and one of the largest in Israel, (ii) Vironna, a leading pharmacy in the Arab sector, and (iii) Pharm Yarok, the largest pharmacy in the Sharon plain area and the biggest call center in the country (Oranim Plus, Vironna, and Pharm Yarok collectively, the "**Israeli Pharmacies**").

The Company has also acquired home-delivery services and an online retail footprint, operating under the name *"Panaxia-to-the-Home*", which includes a customer service center and an Israeli medical cannabis distribution licensed center (the "**Panaxia Transaction**"), from Panaxia Pharmaceutical Industries Israel Ltd. and Panaxia Logistics Ltd., part of the Panaxia Labs Israel, Ltd. group of companies (collectively, "**Panaxia**"). On June 30, 2023, IMC Pharma, the entity responsible for operating the trading house that was acquired within the Panaxia Transaction, ceased its operations at the aforementioned licensed center located in Lod, Israel. Consequently, the Company transitioned the operation that was conducted through IMC Pharma to third-party entities and to its own trading house currently being operated by Rosen High Way and there are no material obligations remained open following closure of the trading house.

The entrance into the new segments in Israel position IM Cannabis as a large distributor of medical cannabis in Israel. We are strategically focused on establishing and reinforcing a direct connection with medical cannabis patients, providing direct access to IM Cannabis products, obtaining and leveraging market data and gaining a deeper understanding of consumer preferences. The acquisition of the Israeli Pharmacies allows the Company to increase purchasing power with third-party product suppliers, offers potential synergies with our established call center and online operations, achieves higher margins on direct sales to patient and creates the opportunity for up-sales across a growing range of products. On October 2023, Pharm Yarok has entered into an agreement with a third-party distribution company to provide medical cannabis distribution services. This agreement includes bulk transportation services for medical cannabis, secure storage within a trading house, and the distribution of medical cannabis products in Israel. Simultaneously, Pharm Yarok scaled down its distribution operations previously managed by Pharm Yarok. The shift from Pharm Yarok's independent service provision to the services offered by the third-party company results in a monthly cost reduction of approximately 40% and an annual savings of approximately $300.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Germany

In Europe, the Company operates in Germany through Adjupharm, its German subsidiary and EU-GMP certified medical cannabis producer and distributor. We continue to lay our foundation in Germany, which is currently the European market with the largest number of medical cannabis patients.[1] Leveraging our global supply chain, IM Cannabis continues to focus on growing its business in Germany to be well-positioned through brand recognition in preparation for future regulatory reforms.

Similar to Israel, the Company's focus in Germany is to import premium dried cannabis from its supply partners, which we believe will satisfy the rapid growth in demand for high-THC premium cannabis across a variety of strains and qualities. In addition, Adjupharm sells cannabis extracts to meet the existing demand in the German market.

In the Company's view, the strong sourcing infrastructure in Israel, powered by advanced product knowledge and regulatory expertise, will establish a competitive advantage in Germany ahead of proposals for the legalization of recreational cannabis. This is based on the premise that the German and Israeli markets share a number of common attributes such as robust commercial infrastructure, highly developed digital capabilities, favourable demographics and customer preferences.

While the Company does not currently distribute products in other European countries, the Company intends to leverage the foundation established by Adjupharm, its state-of-the-art warehouse and EU-GMP production facility in Germany (the "**Logistics Center**"), its vast knowledge in the cannabis market and costumers' preferences and its network of distribution partners to expand into other jurisdictions across the continent.

Adjupharm received a revised EU-GMP license in May 2022 that permits it to engage in production, cannabis testing and release activities. It allows Adjupharm to repackage bulk cannabis, to perform stability studies and offer such services to third parties.

BRANDS

The IMC brand is well-known in the Israeli medical cannabis market, with signature reputable brands such as Roma®, highly popular among Israeli consumers. Building on its long-term success in Israel, the Company launched the IMC brand in Germany in 2020.

---

[1] The European Cannabis Report – Edition 8 https://prohibitionpartners.com/reports/the-european-cannabis-report-8th-edition/?__hstc=102379230.c3806f05dbbd9246bb30c3897deb768c.1680505679399.1680505679399.1680505679399.1&__hssc=102379230.1.1680505679401&__hsfp=3485682252;
Statista Website:https://www.statista.com/outlook/hmo/cannabis/medical-cannabis/germany#analyst-opinion

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Israeli Medical Cannabis Business

The IMC brand has established its reputation in Israel for quality and consistency over the past 10 years and more recently with new high-end, ultra-premium strains that have made it to the top-sellers list in pharmacies across the country.

The Group maintains a portfolio of strains sold under the IMC umbrella from which popular medical cannabis dried flowers and full-spectrum cannabis extracts are produced.

The IMC brand offers four different product lines, leading with the Craft Collection which offers the highest quality Canadian craft cannabis flower and has established IMC as the leader of the super-premium segment in Israel.

The Craft Collection – The IMC brand's premium product line with indoor-grown, hand-dried and hand-trimmed high-THC cannabis flowers. The Craft Collection includes exotic and unique cannabis strains such as Cherry Crasher, Wedding Crasher, Peanut Butter MAC, Watermelon Zkittlez and Chemchew.

The Top-Shelf Collection –offers indoor-grown, high-THC cannabis flowers with strains such as Lemon Rocket, Diesel Drift, Tropicana Gold, Lucy Dreamz and Santa Cruz. Inspired by the 1970's cannabis culture in America, the Top-Shelf Collection targets the growing segment of medical patients who are cannabis culture enthusiasts.

The Signature Collection – The IMC brand's high-quality product line with greenhouse-grown or indoor grown, high-THC cannabis flowers. The Signature Collection currently includes well known proprietary cannabis dried flowers such as Roma®, Tel Aviv and London as well as Strawnana, an indoor-grown flower, and Sydney, the Company's first high-CBD cannabis strain.

The Full Spectrum Extracts – The IMC brand's full spectrum, strain-specific cannabis extracts, including high-THC Roma®T20 oil, balanced Paris oil and Super CBD oil and the new Roma® T15 oil, Tel Aviv oil and DQ.

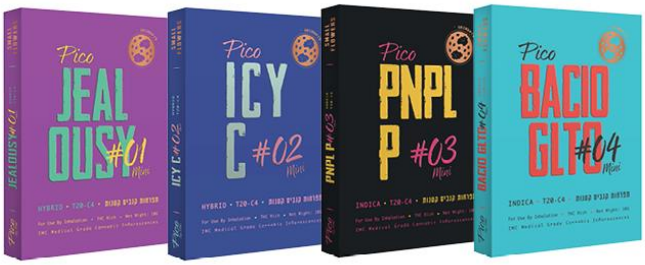
As part of its recent rebranding the Company expanded its Roma® product portfolio to include pre-rolls and oils range, offering the widest range of different product SKUs for a single strain in the Israeli market. This delivers a variety of formats of IMC's most successful, well-known and proprietary strain to Israeli medical cannabis patients. IMC's Roma® strain is a high-THC medical cannabis flower that offers a therapeutic continuum and is known for its strength and longevity of effect.

The WAGNERS™ brand launched in Israel in Q1 2022, with indoor-grown cannabis imported from Canada. The WAGNERS™ brand was the first international premium, indoor-grown brand introduced to the Israel cannabis market, at a competitive price point. The WAGNERS™ brand includes the Dark Helmet, Dark Helmet Minis, Cherry Jam launched in Q1 2022, and Golden Ghost that was launched in Q4 2022. In Q1 2023 The Company launched three additional products under the WAGNERS™ brand, Pink Bubba, Golden Ghost and Tiki Rain; all an indoor-grown cannabis flowers, with high-THC. In Q2 2023 the Company launched Rainforest Crunch. In Q3 2023 the Company launched Cherry Jam.

BLKMKT™, the Company's second Canadian brand, super-premium product line with indoor-grown, hand-dried and hand-trimmed high-THC cannabis flowers The BLKMKT™ includes Jealousy, BACIO GLTO, PNPL P and PARK FIRE OG

THE LOT420 brand launched in Israel in Q2 2023, with super-premium indoor-grown cannabis imported from Canada with high-THC. The LOT420 includes ICY C and GLTO 33 and as of Q3 2023 also Glto 33 and Xeno.

The PICO collection (minis)- Under the BLKMKT™ and LOT420 brands, the Company launched a new type of products (small flowers), a super-premium indoor-grown cannabis imported from Canada with high-THC.



For more information, see "*Strategy in Detail – Brands – New Product Offerings*" section of the MD&A.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

German Medical Cannabis Business

In Germany, the Company sells IMC-branded dried flower products and full spectrum extracts. The medical cannabis products sold in the German market are branded generically as IMC to increase recognition of the Company's brand in establishing a foothold with German healthcare professionals. The Company's IMC-branded cannabis products were launched in Germany with one high-THC flower strain in 2020. Since then the portfolio has expanded to include 4 high-THC flowers as well as one high-CBD flower. Two full spectrum extracts round out the portfolio. In Q3 2023, Adjupharm launched its first premium, high THC strain leveraging the premium branding and collateral IMC rolled out in Israel previously.

The Group's competitive advantage in Germany lies in its track record and brand reputation, but also in the ability to leverage the key learnings from the more mature Israeli market..

NEW PRODUCT OFFERINGS

Between our various geographies, the strategy for new products varies given that each market is at a different stage of development with respect to regulatory regimes, patient and customer preferences and adoption rates.

Israel

In Q3 2023 The Company launched one additional product under the LOT420 brand named Xeno and relaunched Glto 33. The Company also relaunched Cherry Jam under the WAGNERS™ brand and lunched a new product under the IMC brand named Chemchew. . All strains are indoor-grown cannabis flowers, with high-THC. All products allow a wide range of offerings in all three categories, Indica, Sativa and Hybrid category.

HIGH-QUALITY, RELIABLE SUPPLY

Israel

Over the last decade, Focus Medical was the primary cultivator of medical cannabis products sold under the IMC brand in the Israeli market. Until July 2022, Focus Medical held an IMCA license to cultivate medical cannabis at its cultivation facility (the "**Focus Facility**"). In Q2 2022, the Company closed the Focus Facility to concentrate on leveraging its skilled sourcing team and strategic alliances with Canadian suppliers as well as the import of medical cannabis from its Canadian Facilities. In July 2022, Focus Medical received an IMCA license which allows it to continue to import cannabis products and supply medical cannabis to patients through licensed pharmacies despite the closure of the Focus Facility (the "**Focus New License**"). Besides Focus Medical, which holds the Focus New License, the Group has other entities with a license to import medical cannabis and supply medical cannabis to patients through licensed pharmacies. To supplement growing demand, the Company plans to continue its relationships with third-party cultivation facilities in Israel for the propagation and cultivation of the Company's existing proprietary genetics and for the development of new products.

Pursuant to the applicable Israeli cannabis regulations, following the cultivation or import of medical cannabis, medical cannabis products are then packaged by contracted GMP licensed producers of medical cannabis. The packaged medical cannabis products are then sold by the Group under the Company's brands to local Israeli pharmacies directly or through contracted distributors.

Germany

The Company continues to expand its presence in the German market by forging partnerships with pharmacies and distributors across the country and developing Adjupharm and its Logistics Center as the Company's European hub. Adjupharm sources its supply of medical cannabis for the German market and from various EU-GMP certified European and Canadian suppliers. The Logistics Center is EU-GMP certified, upgrading Adjupharm's production technology and increasing its storage capacity to accommodate its anticipated growth. Adjupharm holds the certification for primary repackaging, making it one of a handful of companies in Germany fully licenced to repack bulk.

Adjupharm currently holds wholesale, narcotics handling, manufacturing, procurement, storage, distribution, and import/export licenses granted to it by the applicable German regulatory authorities (the "**Adjupharm Licenses**").

CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS AND EVENTS

KEY HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

In Q3 2023, the Company continued to focus on its efforts and resources on growth in the Israeli and German cannabis markets with a goal of reaching profitability in 2023. The Company's key highlights and events for the third quarter ended September 30, 2023, include:

Short-term loan agreement

On July 3rd, 2023, the Company entered into a short-term loan agreement with a non-financial institution in the amount of NIS 1,000 thousands (approx. $358) (the "**Loan Agreement**" and "**Loan**"). The Loan beard interest rate of 10% and was repaid in October 2023, according to the Loan Agreement terms.

NASDAQ Compliance Notice

In order to maintain the listing of the Common Shares on the Nasdaq, the Company must comply with Nasdaq's continued listing requirements which require, amongst other things, that the Common Shares maintain a minimum bid price of at least US$1.00 per share (the "**Minimum Share Price Listing Requirement**").

On August 1, 2023, the Company received written notification from Nasdaq (the "**Notification Letter**") that the closing bid price of the Common Shares had fallen below US$1.00 per share over a period of 30 consecutive business days, with the result that the Company was not in compliance with the Minimum Share Price Listing Rrequirement. The Notification Letter provided that the Company has until January 16, 2024, being 180 calendar days following receipt of such notice to regain compliance with the Minimum Share Price Listing Requirement for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CFO Departure and New Appointment

On September 19, 2023 the Company announced that Itay Vago, the Company's Chief Financial Officer, has decided to leave the Company for personal reasons. Current plans call for Mr. Vago to continue to serve as CFO until the publication of the Q3 2023 results.

On October 10, 2023 the Company announced that Uri Birenberg will join the company's leadership team as Chief Financial Officer effective October 10, 2023. This appointment strengthens IMC's financial leadership and strategic direction for achieving sustainable profitability. Birenberg is a senior financial executive, who brings over two decades of experience of financial and legal activities along with strategic financial planning, fundraising and preparation of IPO.

Notice of Meeting and Record Date

On September 22, 2023, the Company announced of its intention to hold an annual general meeting (the "**Annual General Meeting**") ON December 6, 2023. The Record Date for Notice of Meeting, Record Date for Voting and Beneficial Ownership Determination Date is October 19, 2023. The Annual General Meeting location is Toronto Ontario.

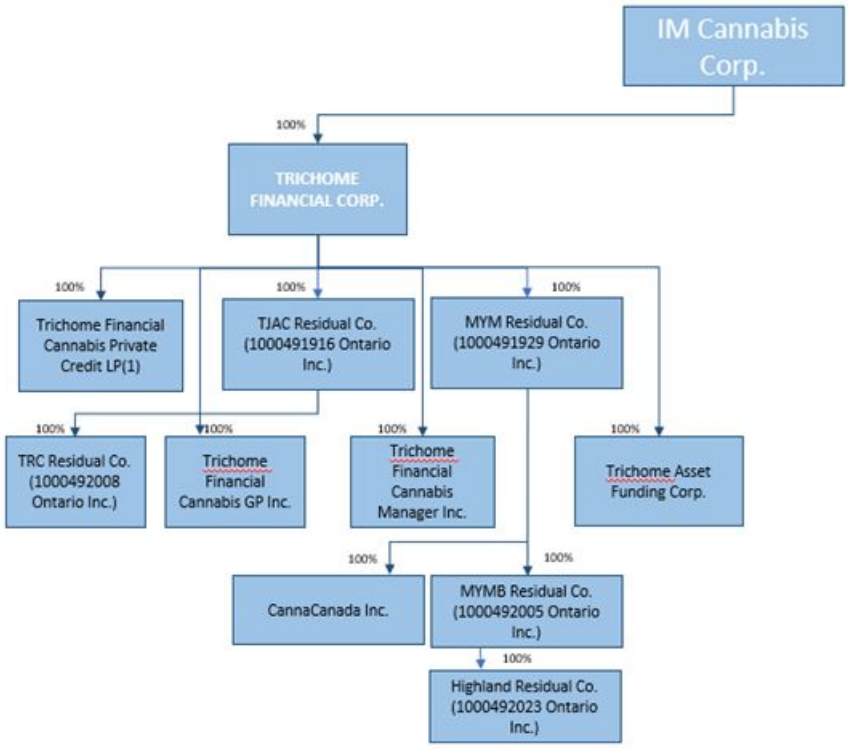
Canadian Restructuring

Pursuant to an order of the Court made on April 6,2023 in the CCAA Proceedings (the "**Reverse Vesting Order**"), the Court approved a share purchase agreement (the "**Share Purchase Agreement**") dated March 28, 2023 among Trichome Financial Corp. ("**Trichome**" or the "**Vendor**"), 1000370759 Ontario Inc. (the "**Purchaser**"), Trichome JWC Acquisition Corp. ("**TJAC**"), Trichome Retail Corp. ("**TRC**"), MYM Nutraceuticals Inc. ("**MYM**"), MYM International Brands Inc. ("**MYMB**") and Highland Grow Inc. ("**Highland**", and collectively with TJAC, TRC, MYM and MYMB, the "**Purchased Entities**"). the Purchased Entities and its business and operations were sold to a party that is not related to the Company. Thus, the Company has exited operations in Canada and considers these operations discontinued. The Share Purchase Agreement is solely in respect of the Purchased Entities. As such, the Company's other assets or subsidiaries, including those in Israel and Germany, will not be affected by it.

The Share Purchase Agreement contemplated a reverse vesting transaction pursuant to which Trichome agreed to sell to the Purchaser, and the Purchaser agreed to purchase, all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of TJAC and MYM owned by Trichome for a purchase price of $3,375 along with certain deferred consideration. Pursuant to the Share Purchase Agreement and the Reverse Vesting Order, the Purchased Entities retained the Purchased Entities' assets, contracts and liabilities (the "**Assumed Liabilities**") specified in the Share Purchase Agreement free and clear of any claims other than the Assumed Liabilities, and all other assets (the "**Excluded Assets**"), contracts (the "**Excluded Contracts**"), and liabilities (the "**Excluded Liabilities**") of the Purchased Assets were transferred to, and assumed by, five newly created corporations being 1000491916 Ontario Inc. ("**TJAC Residual Co.**"), 1000492008 Ontario Inc. ("**TRC Residual Co.**"), 1000491929 Ontario Inc. ("**MYM Residual Co.**"), 1000492005 Ontario Inc. ("**MYMB Residual Co.**") and 1000492023 Ontario Inc. ("**Highland Residual Co.**", and collectively with TJAC Residual Co., TRC Residual Co., MYM Residual Co. and MYMB Residual Co., the "**Residual Corporations**"), the shares of which are owned directly or indirectly by Trichome. The closing of the transactions contemplated by the Share Purchase Agreement occurred on April 6, 2023. On September 14, 2023 the CCAA Monitor has asked for an order terminating the CCAA Proceedings and bankrupting Trichome and releasing the Monitor from his duties. On September 14, 2023, the Court issued a Termination Order including the reasons in relation thereto.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Trichome's organizational structure pursuant to the Share Purchase Agreement is as follows:



(1) Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP is considered a 100% owned subsidiary of Trichome Financial Corp. based on the requirements of IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*. Trichome Financial Corp. does not own any equity in Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP.

Court materials filed in connection with Trichome's CCAA Proceedings can be found at:https://www.ksvadvisory.com/insolvency-cases/case/trichome.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Israel-Hamas War

On October 12, 2023, the Company releases a message from Chief Executive Officer about the Israel-Hamas War. For further information please see *"RISK FACTORS"* below.

Short-term Loan Agreements

On October 12, 2023, announced that the Company, through IMC Holdings, entered into a series of short-term loans on October 3rd, 10th and 11th, respectively, for aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 4,082 thousands (approximately $1,390) from certain lenders, including a director and officer of the Company.

Four of the loans, totaling aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 3,082 thousands (approximately $1,050), bear interest at an annual rate of 18% and mature six months from the date of issuance along with the associated fees and commissions of 4% per annum for application fee and an origination fee of 4% per annum on each loan.

IMC, through Rosen High-Way, entered into the final loan, totaling aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 1,000 thousands (approximately $340), bears interest at an annual rate of 20%, matures six months from the date of issuance and is secured against certain assets of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The Company plans to use the proceeds from the loans for general working capital purposes.

Out of the aggregate gross proceeds of NIS 4,082 thousands (approximately $1,390), Oren Shuster, a director and officer of the Company (the "**Participating Insider**") loaned an amount of NIS 500 thousands (approximately $170) to IMC Holdings. The participation of the Participating Insider in the loan constitutes a "related party transaction", as such term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 61-101 – *Protection of Minority Shareholders in Special Transactions* ("**MI 61-101**") and would require the Company to receive minority shareholder approval for and obtain a formal valuation for the subject matter of, the transaction in accordance with MI 61-101, prior to the completion of such transaction. However, in completing the loan, the Company has relied on exemptions from the formal valuation and minority shareholder approval requirements of MI 61-101, in each case on the basis that the fair market value of the Participating Insider's loan does not exceed 25% of the market capitalization of the Company, as determined in accordance with MI 61-101. Further details were included in a material change report that was filed by the Company. The Company did not file a material change report in respect of the loan transaction more than 21 days before entering into the loan as the shorter period was necessary to permit the Company to close the loan in a timeframe consistent with usual market practice for a transaction of this nature.

Additional Short-term Loan Agreement

On October 17, 2023, IMC Holdings entered into a short-term agreement with a non-financial institute in the amount of NIS 1,800 thousands (approximately $610). Such loan bear interest at an annual rate of 18% and mature six months from the date of issuance along with the associated fees and commissions of 4% per annum for application fee and an origination fee of 4% per annum.

Loan from ADI

On October 11, 2022, IMC Holdings entered into a loan agreement with A.D.I. Car Alarms Stereo Systems Ltd ("**ADI**" and the "**ADI Agreement**"), to borrow a principal amount of NIS 10,500 thousands (approximately $4 million) at an annual interest of 15% (the "**ADI Loan**"), which is to be repaid within 12 months of the date of the ADI Agreement. The ADI Loan is secured by a second rank land charge on the Logistics Center of Adjupharm. In addition, CEO and Director of the Company, provided a personal guarantee to ADI should the security not be sufficient to cover the repayment of the ADI Loan.

On October 25, 2023, IMC Holdings and ADI signed an amendment to the ADI Agreement, extending the loan period by an additional 3 months. During this extended period, the interest rate will be 15%, with associated fees and commissions of 3% per annum for the application fee and an origination fee of 3% per annum.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REVIEW OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Below is the analysis of the changes that occurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, with further commentary provided below.

	For the nine months ended September 30,		For the three months ended September 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2023([1])	2022*	2023	2022*	2022*
Net Revenues	$ 38,106	$ 39,874	$ 12,370	$ 14,170	$ 54,335
Gross profit before fair value impacts in cost of sales	$ 9,715	$ 8,500	$ 2,738	$ 2,819	$ 11,291
Gross margin before fair value impacts in cost of sales (%)	25%	21%	22%	20%	21%
Operating Loss	$ (7,627)	$ (20,082)	$ (2,259)	$ (5,526)	$ (30,791)
Loss	$ (6,708)	$ (15,271)	$ (2,136)	$ (4,532)	$ (24,922)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company – Basic (in CAD)	$ (0.49)	$ (0.19)	$ (0.16)	$ (0.06)	$ (3.13)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company - Diluted (in CAD)	$ (0.49)	$ (0.26)	$ (0.16)	$ (0.06)	$ (3.81)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		For the Three months ended September 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2023	2022*	2023	2022*	2022*
Average net selling price of dried flower (per Gram)	$ 5.34	$ 8.13	$ 4.35	$ 9.08	$ 7.12
Quantity of dried flower sold (in Kilograms)	6,528	4,460	2,558	1,453	6,794

* From continuing operations

Note 1 - The figures disclosure here for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 have been updated and adjust the Company's previously filed unaudited interim financial statements as of March 31, 2023. The updates and adjustments are immaterial. See also Note 1 under "*Review of Financial Performance – Summary of Quarterly Results*" section of the MD&A for additional information.

The Overview of Financial Performance includes reference to "Gross Margin", which is a non-IFRS financial measure that the Company defines as the difference between revenue and cost of revenues divided by revenue (expressed as a percentage), prior to the effect of a fair value adjustment for inventory and biological assets. For more information on non-IFRS financial measures, see the "*Non-IFRS Financial Measures*" and "*Metrics and Non-IFRS Financial Measures*" sections of the MD&A.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OPERATIONAL RESULTS

In each of the markets in which the Company operates, the Company must navigate evolving customer and patient trends in order to continue to be competitive with other suppliers of medical cannabis products.

The Company believes that there are several key factors creating tailwinds to facilitate further industry growth. In Israel, the number of licensed medical patients continues to increase and currently stands at 129,836 as of September 2023. This figure is expected to continue growing in the coming years and may further benefit from regulatory change liberalizing the cannabis market in Israel. Moreover, the acquisitions of the Israeli Pharmacies positions IM Cannabis as a large distributor of medical cannabis in Israel. As the Israeli cannabis market has become increasingly competitive, the ability to import premium cannabis from Canada is a key determinant of the Company's success in Israel.

The German medical cannabis market has been slower to develop due to the difficulty in medical patients accessing prescriptions and insurance reimbursements. The Company has, however, seen an increase in the number of patients paying out-of-pocket for medical cannabis products in Germany, which the Company believes is supportive of its business plan as it relies less on the need for patient's insurance coverage for re-imbursement.

The newly elected coalition government in Germany has endorsed the legalization of adult-use cannabis. While no specific legislation has yet been tabled and any implementation is expected to take time, the Company believes that Germany has the potential to be the second largest federally legal, adult-use market in the world.

The Company's outlook in Germany is further supported by its focus on the cultivation and distribution of premium and ultra-premium cannabis products exclusively, which the Company believes to be in the greatest demand in all of its markets. In comparison to other markets, the Company faces less competition in Germany and therefore is less likely to face significant price competition.

The Company is focusing its resources on reinforcing and further pursuing growth opportunities in Israel, Germany and Europe, implementing a leaner organization strategy with the primary focus on achieving profitability in 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REVENUES AND GROSS MARGINS

REVENUES

The revenues of the Group from continuing operations are primarily generated from sales of medical cannabis products to customers in Israel and Germany. The reportable geographical segments in which the Company operates are Israel and Germany.

For the nine months ended September 30:

	Israel		Germany		Adjustments		Total	
	2023(*)	2022	2023(*)	2022	2023(*)	2022	2023(*)	2022
Revenues	$ 33,941	$ 37,364	$ 4,165	$ 2,510	$ -	$ -	$ 38,106	$ 39,874
Segment loss	$ (2,974)	$ (13,325)	$ (1,035)	$ (2,708)	$ -	$ -	$ (4,009)	$ (16,033)
Unallocated corporate expenses	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ (3,618)	$ (4,049)	$ (3,618)	$ (4,049)
Total operating (loss)	$ (2,974)	$ (13,325)	$ (1,035)	$ (2,708)	$ (3,618)	$ (4,049)	$ (7,627)	$ (20,082)
Income (loss) before tax	$ (6,131)	$ (15,427)	$ (1,537)	$ (3,074)	$ 910	$ 2,201	$ (6,758)	$ (16,300)
Depreciation, amortization	$ 2,139	$ 1,821	$ 126	$ 121	$ -	$ -	$ 2,265	$ 1,942

* See Note 1 under *"Review of Financial Performance – Financial Highlights"* section of the MD&A.

The consolidated revenues of the Group from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, were attributed to the sale of medical cannabis products in Israel and Germany.

- Revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were $38,106 and $39,874, respectively, representing a decrease of $1,768 or 4%. Revenues for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were $12,370 and $14,170, respectively, representing a decrease of $1,800 or 13%. The decrease in revenues is attributed mainly to dollar rate increase and to the increase in the quantity of medical cannabis products sold, off set by lower average selling price per gram due to high competition.
- Revenues from the Israeli operation were attributed to the sale of medical cannabis through the Company's agreement with Focus Medical and the revenues from the Israeli Pharmacies the Company owns, mostly from cannabis products.
- In Germany, Company revenues were attributed to the sale of medical cannabis through Adjupharm.
- Total dried flower sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, was 6,528kg at an average selling price of $5.34 per gram compared to 4,460kg for the same period in 2022 at an average selling price of $8.13 per gram, mainly attributable to the higher average selling price per gram the Company recognized through selling premium cannabis products. Total dried flower sold for the three months ended September 30, 2023, was 2,558kg at an average selling price of $4.35 per gram compared to 1,453kg for the same period in 2022 at an average selling price of $9.08 per gram.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

COST OF REVENUES

Cost of revenues is comprised of purchase of raw materials and finished goods, import costs, production costs, product laboratory testing, shipping and salary expenses. Inventory is later expensed to the cost of sales when sold. Direct production costs are expensed through the cost of sales.

The cost of revenues from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were $28,391 and $31,374, respectively, representing a decrease of $2,983 or 10%. The cost of revenues from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were $9,632 and $11,351, respectively, representing a decrease of $1,719 or 15%.

GROSS PROFIT

Gross profit from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 was $9,005 and $6,559, respectively, representing an increase of $2,446 or 37%. Gross profit from continuing operations for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 was $2,645 and $1,953, respectively, representing an increase of $692 or 35%.

Gross profit included losses from unrealized changes in fair value of biological assets and realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold of $(710) and $(1,941) for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Loss from unrealized changes in fair value of biological assets and realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold of $(93) and $(866) for the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Fair value adjustments were impacted primarily due to lower valuation to unrealized biological assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

EXPENSES

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

General and administrative expenses from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 were $7,708 and $11,670, respectively, representing a decrease of $3,962 or 34%. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 general and administrative expenses from continuing operations were $2,145 and $4,315, respectively, representing a decrease of $2,170 or 50%.

The decrease in the general and administrative expense is attributable mainly to salaries to employees and professional fees. The general and administrative expenses are comprised mainly from salaries to employees in the amount of $1,407, professional fees in the amount of $2,838, depreciation and amortization in the amount of $512 and insurance costs in the amount of $1,450.

SELLING AND MARKETING

Selling and marketing expenses from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 were $7,991 and $8,379, respectively, representing a decrease of $388 or 5%. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 selling and marketing expenses from continuing operations were $2,564 and $2,797, respectively, representing a decrease of $233 or 8%. The decrease in the selling and marketing expenses was due mainly to the decrease of salaries to employees in Israel, following the restructuring plan executed in the first quarter of 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

RESTRUCTURING EXPENSES

On April 6, 2022, Focus Medical announced its decision, from March 30, 2022, to close the Focus Facility in Israel and therefore the Company recorded restructuring expenses related to impairment of property, plant and equipment, biological assets and right of use asset and liabilities, in the total amount of $4,383.

On March 8, 2023, the Company announced its strategy plan in Israel of reorganization of the company's management and operations in order to strengthen its focus on core activities and drive efficiencies to realize sustainable profitability. The Company reduced its workforce in Israel by 36% across all functions (including executives). Therefore, the Company recorded restructuring expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 related mainly to salaries to employees in the amount of $617.

SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Share-based compensation expense from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 was $316 and $2,209, respectively, representing a decrease of $1,893 or 86%. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 share-based compensation expense from continuing operations was $195 and $367, respectively, representing a decrease of $172 or 47%. The decrease in expenses was mainly due to the cancellation of incentive stock options ("**Options**") held by employees who are no longer working for the Company.

FINANCING

Financing income, net, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 was $869 and $3,782, respectively, representing a decrease of $2,913 or 77% in the financing income. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 financing income, net, was $248 and $1,198, respectively, representing a decrease of $950 or 79% in the financing income.

The change in financing income, net was mainly due to the updated Company's warrants valuation that was impacted by the Company's decreased share price leading to financial income in the amount of $4,547 and 5,905 in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

NET INCOME/LOSS

Net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 was $6,708 and $157,852, respectively, representing a net loss decrease of $151,144 or 96%. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 net loss was $2,136 and $128,175, respectively, representing a net loss increase of $126,039 or 98%. The net loss decrease related to factors impacting net income described above, and loss from discontinued operations in the amount of $142,581 recorded in the nine month ended September 30, 2022 related to the discontinued operations in Canada.

NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to holders of Common Shares by the weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period. Diluted profit per Common Share is calculated by adjusting the earnings and number of Common Shares for the effects of dilutive warrants and other potentially dilutive securities. The weighted average number of Common Shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted profit per Common Share excludes unissued Common Shares related to Options as they are antidilutive. Basic Loss per Common Share from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 were $(0.49) and $(0.19) per Common Share, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 Basic Loss per Common Share from continuing operations were $(0.16) and $(0.06) per Common Share, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Diluted Loss per Common Share from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 were $(0.49) and $(0.26) per Common Share, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 Diluted Loss per Common Share from continuing operations were $(0.16) and $(0.06) per Common Share, respectively.

TOTAL ASSETS

Total assets as of September 30, 2023 were $52,365, compared to $60,676 as of December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of $8,311 or 14%. This decrease was primarily due to the reduction of cash and cash equivalents in the amount of $1,145 and reduction of inventory of $5,554. Additional decrease is attributed to the effect of translation of items denominated in NIS in the Company's balance sheet.

INVESTMENT IN XINTEZA

On December 26, 2019, IMC Holdings entered into a share purchase agreement with Xinteza API Ltd. ("**Xinteza**"), a company with a unique biosynthesis technology, whereby the Company acquired, on an as-converted and fully diluted basis, 25.37% of Xinteza's outstanding share capital, for consideration of US$1,700 (approximately $2,165 as of December 31, 2021) paid in several installments (the "**Xinteza SPA**"). The Company has paid all outstanding installments pertaining to the Xinteza SPA and currently holds 23.35% of the outstanding share capital of Xinteza on an as-converted and fully diluted basis. On February 24, 2022, IMC Holdings entered into a simple agreement for future equity with Xinteza, under which IMC Holdings paid US$100 (approximately $125), in exchange for the right to certain shares of Xinteza.

TOTAL LIABILITIES

Total liabilities as of September 30, 2023, were $32,571, compared to $36,879 at December 31, 2022, representing an decrease of $4,308 or 12%. The decrease was mainly due to the reduction in trade payables in the amount of $5,726, off set by increase in bank loans and credit facilities in the amount of $891, and an increase in fair value of warrants in the amount of $2,439. Additional decrease is attributed to the effect of translation of items denominated in NIS in the Company's balance sheet.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded revenues of $38,106.

The Company can face liquidity fluctuations from time to time, resulting from delays in sales and slow inventory movements.

In January 2022, Focus entered into a revolving credit facility with an Israeli bank, Bank Mizrahi (the "**Mizrahi Facility**"). The Mizrahi Facility is guaranteed by Focus assets. Advances from the Mizrahi Facility will be used for working capital needs. The Mizrahi Facility has a total commitment of up to NIS 15 million (approximately $6,000) and has a one-year term for on-going needs and 6 months term for imports and purchases needs. The Mizrahi Facility is renewable upon mutual agreement by the parties. The borrowing base is available for draw at any time throughout the Mizrahi Facility and is subject to several covenants to be measured on a quarterly basis (the "**Mizrahi Facility Covenants**").

The Mizrahi Facility bears interest at the Israeli Prime interest rate plus 1.5%. During the first quarter of 2023 the Company reduced total commitment to NIS 10,000 (approx. $3,600) and as of September 30, 2023 Focus has drawn down $nil in respect of the Mizrahi Facility.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

On May 17, 2023, the Company and Bank Mizrahi entered to new credit facility with total commitment of up to NIS 10,000 (approximately $3,600) (the "New Mizrahi Facility"). The New Mizrahi Facility consists of NIS 5,000 credit line and NIS 5,000 loan to be settled with 24 monthly installments from May 2023. This loan bears interest at the Israeli Prime interest rate plus 2.9%. As of September 30, 2023 Focus has drawn down $3,262 in respect of the new Mizrahi facility (comprised of approx. $1,762 credit line and $1,500 loan). The New Credit facility is also subject to several covenants to be measured on a quarterly basis which are not met as of September 30, 2023, therefore the loan is classified as short-term loan.

The Company's CEO and director, provided to the bank a personal guarantee in the amount of the outstanding borrowed amount, allowing the New Mizrahi Facility to remain effective.

On August 24, 2022, the Company announced a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of up to $6,500 (US$5 million) (the "Private Placement"). In this Private Placement the Company issued 599,999 Common Shares for a total amount of $3,756 (US$3 million) including investments by the Company's management and executives. Issuance costs of this transaction amounted to $178.

Between January 16, 2023 to February 16, 2023, the Company completed the LIFE Offering, comprised of an aggregate of 2,828,248 Units issued and sold under the Life Offering for an aggregate gross proceeds of US$3,535, such amount exclusive of 131,700 Units issued to a director of the Company as part of the LIFE Offering whose subscription price was satisfied by the settlement of US$164 in debt owed by the Company to the director.

Concurrently, the Company completed the Concurrent Offering, comprised of an aggregate of 2,317,171 Units issued and sold under the Concurrent Offering for aggregate gross proceeds of US$2,896.

As of September 30, 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents totaled $1,304 and the Group's working capital from continuing operations (current assets minus current liabilities) amounted to $344. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Group had an operating loss from continuing operation of ($7,627) and negative cash flows from operating activities of ($7,857).

The Group's current operating budget includes various assumptions concerning the level and timing of cash receipts from sales and cash outlays for operating expenses and capital expenditures, including cost saving plans and restructuring actions taken in 2022 and in June 2023. The Company's board of directors approved a cost saving plan, implemented in whole or in part, to allow the Company to continue its operations and meet its cash obligations. The cost saving plan consists of cost reduction due to efficiencies and synergies, which include mainly the following steps: discontinuing operation of loss-making activities, reduction in payroll and headcount, reduction in compensation paid to key management personnel (including layoffs of key executives), operational efficiencies and reduced capital expenditures.

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Interim Financial Statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

As of September 30, 2023, the Group's financial liabilities consisted of accounts payable which have contractual maturity dates within one year. The Group manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis. Based on the Group's working capital position on September 30, 2023, management considers liquidity risk to be moderate.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of September 30, 2023, the Group has identified the following liquidity risks related to financial liabilities (undiscounted):

	Less than one year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	> 10 years
Contractual Obligations	$ 10,603	$ 1,194	$ -	$ -

The maturity profile of the Company's other financial liabilities (trade payables, other account payable and accrued expenses, and warrants) as of September 30, 2023, are less than one year.

	Payments Due by Period				
Contractual Obligations	**Total**	**Less than one year**	**1 to 3 years**	**4 to 5 years**	**After 5 years**
Debt	$ 10,513	$ 10,137	$ 376	$ -	$ -
Finance Lease Obligations	$ 1,284	$ 466	$ 695	$ 123	$ -
Total Contractual Obligations	$ 11,797	$ 10,603	$ 1,071	$ 123	$ -

The Annual Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. The Annual Financial Statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Common Shares without par value 13,394,136 of which were issued and outstanding as at the date hereof. The Common Shares confer upon their holders the right to participate in the general meeting with each Common Share carrying the right to one vote on all matters. The Common Shares also allow holders to receive dividends if and when declared and to participate in the distribution of surplus assets in the case of liquidation of the Company.

OTHER SECURITIES

As of September 30, 2023, the Company also has the following outstanding securities which are convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, voting or equity securities of the Company: 339,452 Options, 18,261 2019 Broker Compensation Options (as defined below), 294,348 2021 Offered Warrants (as defined below) and 5,769,611 2023 LIFE Offering Warrants.

FINANCIAL BACKGROUND

On October 11, 2019, the Company completed the Reverse Takeover Transaction, effected by way of a "triangular merger" between the Company, IMC Holdings and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company pursuant to Israeli statutory law.

In connection with the Reverse Takeover Transaction, the Company completed a private placement offering of 19,460,527 subscription receipts (each a "**Subscription Receipt**") on a pre-2021 Share Consolidation basis (as defined below) of a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company at a price of $1.05 per Subscription Receipt for aggregate gross proceeds of $20,433. Upon completion of the Reverse Takeover Transaction, each Subscription Receipt was exchanged for one unit comprised of one (1) common share and one-half of one (1/2) warrant (each whole warrant, a "**2019 Listed Warrant**"). Each 2019 Listed Warrant was exercisable for one Common Share at an exercise price of $1.30 until October 11, 2021. A total of 9,730,258 2019 Listed Warrants were issued and listed for trading on the CSE under the ticker "IMCC.WT". The 2019 Listed Warrants expired on October 11, 2021.

The Company also issued to the agent who acted on its behalf in connection with the Reverse Takeover Transaction, a total of 1,199,326 2019 Broker Compensation Options (the "**2019 Broker Compensation Options**"). Following the 2021 Share Consolidation, the 2019 Broker Compensation Options were adjusted to require four 2019 Broker Compensation Options to be exercised for one underlying unit at an adjusted exercise price of $4.20, with each unit exercisable into one Common Share and one-half of one Common Share purchase warrant (the "**2019 Unlisted Warrants**"). Following the 2021 Share Consolidation, the 2019 Unlisted Warrants were adjusted to require four 2019 Unlisted Warrants to be exercised for one Common Share at an adjusted exercise price of $5.20. The 2019 Broker Compensation Options and the 2019 Unlisted Warrants expired on August 2022.

On February 12, 2021, the Company consolidated all of its issued and outstanding Common Shares on the basis of one (1) post-consolidation Common Share for each four (4) pre-consolidation Common Shares (the "**2021 Share Consolidation**") to meet the NASDAQ minimum share price requirement.

On November 17, 2022, the Company completed a second share consolidation (the '**2022 Share Consolidation**") by consolidating all its issued and outstanding Common Shares on the basis of one (1) post-Consolidation Common Share for each ten (10) pre-Consolidation Common Shares.

On May 7, 2021, the Company completed an offering (the "**2021 Offering**") for a total of 6,086,956 Common Shares and 3,043,478 Common Share purchase warrants (the "**2021 Offered Warrants**"). Following the 2022 Share Consolidation, the 2021 Offered Warrant were adjusted to require the (10) 2021 Offered Warrant to be exercised for one (1) Common Share at an adjusted exercise price of US$72 for a term of 5 years from the date of closing of the 2021 Offering. On November 17, 2022, a shareholder who had participated in the 2021 Offering surrendered his Warrant Certificate of 10,000 Warrant Shares and declared that he has no rights associated with the underlying shares of the Warrant Certificate.

The Company also issued a total of 182,609 broker compensation options (the '**2021 Broker Compensation Options**") to the agents who acted on its behalf in connection with the 2021 Offering. Following the 2022 Share Consolidation, the 2021 Broker Compensation Option were adjusted to require the (10) 2021 Broker Compensation Options for one (1) Common Share at an adjusted exercise price of US$66.1, at any time following November 5, 2021, until November 5, 2024. There are 182,609 2021 Broker Compensation Options outstanding.

As of September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022, there were 6,063,959 and 304,348 warrants outstanding, respectively, re-measured by the Company, using the Black-Scholes pricing model, in the amount of $2,447 and $8, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, the Company recognized a revaluation gain in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of $4,547 and $5,906, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, the Company recognized a revaluation gain (loss) in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, of $1,242 and $202, respectively, in which the unrealized gain is included in finance income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OPERATING, FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES

The following table highlights the Company's cash flow activities for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	For the nine months ended September 30,		For the three months ended September 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022
Net cash provided by (used in):					
Operating activities	$ (7,857)	$ (9,361)	$ 3,174	$ (1,203)	$ (12,340)
Investing activities	$ (553)	$ (213)	$ -	$ (242)	$ (793)
Financing activities	$ 9,454	$ 3,943	$ (1,333)	$ (445)	$ 6,612
Effect of foreign exchange	$ (2,189)	$ (1,879)	$ (1,858)	$ 1,715	$ (2,168)
Increase (Decrease) in cash	$ (1,145)	$ (7,510)	$ (17)	$ (175)	$ (8,689)

Operating activities from continuing operations used cash of $7,857 and $9,361 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, operating activities provided cash of $3,174 and used cash of $1,203, respectively. This variance is primarily due to increase in the business activities of the Company including row materials purchases, corporate expenses for salaries, professional fees and marketing expenses in Israel and Germany and related to the corporate activities in Canada.

Investing activities from continuing operations used cash of $553 and $213 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, investing activities used cash of $nil and $242, respectively. Increase derived from purchase of property, plant and equipment in the amount of $553.

Financing activities from continuing operations provided cash of $9,454 and $3,943 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, financing activities used cash of $1,333 and $445, respectively. Majority of the increase derived from issuance of share capital and warrants in the amount of $8,273, proceeds derived from discounted checks in the amount of $2,932, set of by repayment of bank loan in the amount of $1,109 and receipt of bank loan in the amount of $6,047 in 2022.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION – CONTINUING OPERATIONS

For the year ended	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Revenues	$ 54,335	$ 34,053	$ 15,890
Net Loss	$ (24,922)	$ (664)	$ (28,734)
Basic net income (Loss) per share:	$ (3.13)	$ 0.02	$ (1.86)
Diluted net income (Loss) per share:	$ (3.81)	$ (3.62)	$ (1.86)
Total assets	$ 60,676	$ 129,066	$ 38,116
Total non-current liabilities	$ 3,060	$ 21,354	$ 19,237

Management's Discussion and Analysis

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

For the three months ended	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023 (1)	December 31, 2022
Revenues	$ 12,370	$ 13,207	$ 12,529	$ 14,461
Net Loss	$ (2,136)	$ (3,706)	$ (866)	$ (9,651)
Basic net income (Loss) per share:	$ (0.16)	$ (0.26)	$ (0.05)	$ (1.32)
Diluted net loss per share:	$ (0.16)	$ (0.26)	$ (0.05)	$ (1.28)

For the three months ended	September 30, 2022	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Revenues	$ 14,170	$ 12,703	$ 13,001	$ 9,912
Net income (Loss)	$ (4,532)	$ (3,736)	$ (7,081)	$ (8,363)
Basic net income (Loss) per share:	$ (0.06)	$ (0.27)	$ (0.14)	$ (0.19)
Diluted net income (Loss) per share:	$ (0.06)	$ (0.30)	$ (0.14)	$ (0.19)

Note 1 - The quarterly figures disclosure here for the three months ended March 31, 2023 have been updated and adjust the Company's previously filed unaudited interim financial statements as of March 31, 2023. The updates and adjustments are immaterial.

METRICS AND NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

This MD&A makes reference to "Gross Margin", "EBITDA", and "Adjusted EBITDA". These financial measures are not recognized measures under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Rather, these measures are provided as additional information to complement those IFRS measures by providing further understanding of our results of operations from management's perspective. Accordingly, these measures should neither be considered in isolation nor as a substitute for analysis of our financial information reported under IFRS.

Management defines Gross Margin as the difference between revenue and cost of goods sold divided by revenue (expressed as a percentage), prior to the effect of a fair value adjustment for inventory and biological assets. Management defines EBITDA as income earned or lost from operations, as reported, before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA, adjusted by removing other non-recurring or non-cash items, including the unrealized change in fair value of biological assets, realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold in the period, share-based compensation expenses, and revaluation adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured on a fair value basis. Management believes that Adjusted EBITDA is a useful financial metric to assess its operating performance on a cash adjusted basis before the impact of non-recurring or non-cash items. The closest IFRS metric to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA is "operating loss".

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The non-IFRS financial measures can provide investors with supplemental measures of our operating performance and thus highlight trends in our core business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on IFRS measures. We also believe that securities analysts, investors and other interested parties frequently use non-IFRS financial measures in the evaluation of issuers. These financial measures are metrics that have been adjusted from the IFRS statements in an effort to provide readers with a normalized metric in making comparisons more meaningful across the cannabis industry. However, other companies in our industry may calculate this measure differently, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

Our management also uses these non-IFRS financial measures in order to facilitate operating performance comparisons from period to period, to prepare annual operating budgets and forecasts and to determine components of management compensation. As required by Canadian securities laws, we reconcile these non-IFRS financial measures to the most comparable IFRS measures.

GROSS MARGIN

Nine months ended	**September 30, 2023***	**September 30, 2022**
Net Revenue	$ 38,106	$ 39,874
Cost of sales	$ 28,391	$ 31,374
Gross profit before FV adjustments	$ 9,715	$ 8,500
Gross margin before FV adjustments (Non-IFRS)	25%	21%

* See Note 1 under *"Review of Financial Performance – Financial Highlights"* section of the MD&A.

Three months ended	**September 30, 2023**	**September 30, 2022**
Net Revenue	$ 12,370	$ 14,170
Cost of sales	$ 9,632	$ 11,351
Gross profit before FV adjustments	$ 2,738	$ 2,819
Gross margin before FV adjustments (Non-IFRS)	22%	20%

Management's Discussion and Analysis

EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	For the Nine Months ended September 30,		For the Three Months ended September 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2023*	**2022**	**2023**	**2022**	**2022**
Operating Loss	$ (7,627)	$ (20,082)	$ (2,259)	$ (5,526)	$ (30,791)
Depreciation & Amortization	$ 2,265	$ 1,942	$ 678	$ 626	$ 2,815
EBITDA	$ (5,362)	$ (18,140)	$ (1,581)	$ (4,900)	$ (27,976)
IFRS Biological assets fair value adjustments, net[1]	$ 710	$ 1,941	$ 93	$ 866	$ 2,129
Share-based payments	$ 316	$ 2,209	$ 195	$ 367	$ 2,637
Restructuring cost [2]	$ 617	$ 4,383	$ -	$ -	$ 4,383
Other non-recurring costs [3]	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 7,336
Adjusted EBITDA (Non-IFRS)	$ (3,719)	$ (9,607)	$ (1,293)	$ (3,667)	$ (11,491)

* See Note 1 under *"Review of Financial Performance – Financial Highlights"* section of the MD&A.

Notes:

1. Losses from unrealized changes in fair value of biological assets and realized fair value adjustments on inventory. See*"Cost of Revenues"* section of the MD&A.
2. Costs attributable to the Israel Restructuring and closure of Sdei Avraham Farm in 2022, and to Israel reorganization plan of the company's management and operations in 2023.
3. Mainly fair value adjustment of the Company's purchase option to acquire a pharmacy. See "Subsequent *Events – Panaxia Transaction Update*" of the 2022 MD&A.

The Company's Adjusted EBITDA loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, was reduced, and improved primarily due to improved performance of the Company's operational and general and administrative expenses such as the restructuring plans, cost efficiencies from synergies and other corporate expenses reduction from continuing operations.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

RENTAL LIABILITIES

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's lease liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest payments):

September 30, 2023**:**

	Less than one year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	>10 years
Lease liabilities	$ 466	$ 818	$ -	$ -

September 30, 2022**:**

	Less than one year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	>10 years
Lease liabilities	$ 755	$ 1,917	$ 673	$ -

The maturity profile of the Company's other financial liabilities with liquidity risk (trade payables, other account payable and accrued expenses) as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, are less than one year.

LITIGATION AND REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS

PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION 66813-06-21 BEER SHEVA MAGISTRATE COURT

On July 11, 2021, the Company was informed that on June 30, 2021, a claim was filed to Beer Sheva Magistrate Court, by the municipal committee presiding over planning and construction in southern Israel against Focus, Focus' directors and officers, including Oren Shuster and Rafael Gabay, and certain landowners, claiming for inadequate permitting for construction relating to the Focus Facility (the "**Construction Proceedings**").

On December 6, 2021, the defendants filed a motion request for dismissal the indictment on the ground of defense of justice. The municipal committee filed its response and after that the defendants filed a response to the municipal committee's response. As of the date of this letter no decision has yet been made on the application.

A hearing was initially set to December 1, 2021, but postponed several times in order to allow the parties to negotiate towards a resolution. The hearing is set June 22, 2023. A draft agreement between the parties sent by the defendant to the municipal committee in order for it to be sent to the state attorney's office for their comments, which once obtained, will be filed with the Court for its approval. The Court is not obligated to approve the agreement between the parties, if obtained.

On June 22, 2023, a hearing took place before the esteemed Honorable Judge Orit Kertz. During the hearing it was decided that the defendants and the municipal committee's attorney would engage in negotiations and make diligent efforts to reach a settlement before August 15, 2023. The responsibility of informing the court about any progress concerning a potential settlement was assigned to the attorney representing the municipal committee. Until this day, the company has been awaiting the receipt of a draft settlement. On September 9, 2023, the municipal committee's attorney was summoned to appear at a hearing before the Honorable Judge Orit Kertz. The hearing was postponed to December 28, 2023 due to the 2023 Israel–Hamas waras will be further specified under *"RISK FACTORS""* section of the MD&A.

At this stage, based on the opinion of Focus' legal counsel, Company's management cannot assess the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of the negotiations or the Construction Proceedings.

COVID-19 TEST KITS CLAIM, DISTRICT COURT OF STUTTGART

On November 19, 2021, Adjupharm filed a statement of claim (the "**Claim**") to the District Court of Stuttgart (the "**Stuttgart Court**") against Stroakmont & Atton Trading GmbH ("**Stroakmont & Atton**"), its shareholders and managing directors regarding a debt owed by Stroakmont & Atton to Adjupharm in an amount of approximately EUR 947,563 for COVID-19 test kits purchased by Stroakmont & Atton from Adjupharm in May 2021. The Claim was accepted on December 2, 2021. In January 2022, Stroakmont & Atton filed its statement of defence to the Stuttgart Court in which they essentially stated two main arguments for their defense:

1. that the contractual partner of the Company is not the defendant, Stroakmont & Atton is not the real purchaser rather a company named Uniclaro GmbH.

2. that the Company allegedly placed an order with Uniclaro GmbH for a total of 4.3 million Clongene COVID-19 tests, of which Uniclaro GmbH claims to have a payment claim against the Company for a partial delivery of 380,400 Clongene COVID-19 tests in the total amount of EUR 941,897.20. Uniclaro GmbH has assigned this alleged claim against the Company to Stroakmont & Atton Trading GmbH, and Stroakmont & Atton Trading GmbH has precautionary declared a set-off against the Company's claim.

On March 22, 2022, Adjupharm filed a response to Stroakmont & Atton's statement of defence and rejected both allegations with a variety of legal arguments and facts and also offered evidence to the contrary in the form of testimony from the witnesses in question.

The burden of proof for both allegations lie with the opponents and they offered evidences to the court in the form of testimony from certain witnesses. If the opponents succeed in proving both allegations to the court, the chances of winning the lawsuit will be considerably reduced. However, it will not be easy for the opponents to present evidence of these allegations.

On May 27, 2022, the conciliation hearing and main hearing were held. The Stuttgart Court ruled that the Company shall submit another writ by August 29, 2022. The Stuttgart Court also scheduled a pronouncement date for September 7, 2022, when the Stuttgart Court will enter a judgement or hold an evidentiary hearing with witnesses. Following the pronouncement date on September 7, 2022, an evidentiary hearing with witnesses was held on two occasions, January 11, 2023, where witnesses on behalf of Adjupharm testified, and on February 22, 2023, witnesses on behalf of Stroakmont & Atton testified.

The court provided the parties a deadline until March 24 2023, to evaluate the testimonies of the witnesses and to deliver to the court a summary of the factual and legal situation after the court hearings. The court will announce its decision for further proceedings or its judgment on April 5, 2023.

On April 3, 2023, Stuttgart Court announced its decision (the "**Judgment**") and sentenced Stroakmont & Atton to pay to Adjupharm EUR 947,563.68 plus interest in the amount of 5 percentage points above the German basis rate since May 8, 2021. In addition, Stroakmont & Atton was sentences to pay Adjupharm EUR 6,551.20 plus interest at 5 percentage points above the German basis rate since December 14, 2021.

The directors of Stroakmont, Mr. Simic and Mr. Lapeschi, were not sentenced and in this respect, the claim was dismissed against them in their personal capacity. Adjupharm shall pay 2/3 of the Stuttgart Court costs and the out-of-court costs of Mr. Simic and Mr. Lapeschi. Stroakmont shall bear 1/3 of the Stuttgart Court costs and 1/3 of the out-of-court costs of Adjupharm. The remaining out-of-court costs shall be borne by each party.

The Judgment is not yet final and therefore cannot be enforced. On May 5, 2023, Adjupharm and Stroakmont & Atton, each has lodged an appeal with the Stuttgart Court (the "**Appeals**") regarding the Judgment.

On June 23, 2023, Adjupharm filed its statement of grounds for appeal with the Higher Regional Court of Stuttgart.At this stage, the Company management cannot assess its ability to collect the payment awarded in the Judgment and the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of the Appeal.

UNICLARO GMBH VS. ADJUPHARM

On December 22, 2022, Uniclaro GmbH filed a statement of claim against Adjupharm with the district court in Hamburg. According to the statement of claim, Uniclaro GmbH is ("**Uniclaro**") claiming the purchase price for 300,000 Covid-19 rapid tests in the total amount of EUR 1,046,010 (including VAT) in exchange for 300,000 Covid-19 rapid tests which Uniclaro has in its storage.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Uniclaro alleges in this lawsuit that Adjupharm placed an order for 4.3 million Covid-19 rapid tests of the brand "Clongene". Furthermore, Uniclaro claims that the order was placed verbally on 23.03.2021 and that Adjupharm has already paid for a portion of these tests and received them, but not yet the entire 4.3 million tests. They reserve the right to extend the lawsuit for the remaining amount (which they did not specify).

According to Uniclaro's statement of claim the lawsuit does not concern the same purchase price and the same Covid-1 9 rapid tests as in the Stroakmont & Atton Claim mentioned above. On 23 February 2023, the Company provided its statement of defense to the court. The statement of defense contains similar arguments to reject the allegations in this respect as in the court proceedings in Stuttgart about the counterclaims. As a next step, Uniclaro is allowed to respond to the Company's statement of defense.

At this stage, the Company management cannot assess the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of these proceedings.

PROCEEDINGS UNDER CCAA

See "*Corporate Highlights and Events – Key Highlights for the quarter ended September 30, 2023*" for a summary of the CCAA Proceedings.

Court materials filed in connection with Trichome's CCAA Proceedings can be found at https://www.ksvadvisory.com/insolvency-cases/case/trichome.

THE REGIONAL LABOR COURT - TEL AVIV (BAT YAM) 17419-04-23

On May 10, 2023, IMC Holdings received a notice that a former employee has recently filed a claim with The Regional Labor Court - Tel Aviv against 3 companies, including IMC Holdings. The nature and details of the claim are still in the preliminary stages, and IMC Holdings is actively working to comprehend the full scope of the allegations.

A preliminary hearing is set for May 6, 2024, before the esteemed Honorable Judge Karin Liber-Levin at the The Regional Labor Court - Tel Aviv (Bat Yam).

At this stage, the Company management cannot accurately assess the potential outcome of the claims or the likelihood of the claims progressing further.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

IM Cannabis had no off-balance sheet arrangements as of September 30, 2023.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Transactions with related parties mainly includes compensation for management services and bonus in the ordinary course of business and short-term lease payments.

- Under the Focus Agreement (as defined below), IMC Holdings retains an option with Messrs. Shuster and Gabay to re-acquire the sold interest in Focus Medical at its sole discretion and in accordance with Israeli cannabis regulations. See "*Legal and Regulatory – Restructuring*" section of the MD&A.

- The Company is a party to Indemnification Agreement with certain directors and officers of the Company and Trichome to cover certain tax liabilities, interest and penalties arising from the Trichome Transaction.

- Oren Shuster, a director and officer of the Company (the "**Participating Insider**") loaned an amount of NIS 500 thousands (approximately $170) to IMC Holdings. For further information please see "SUBSEQUENT EVENTS – Short -Term Loan Agreement".

Other than the aforesaid transactions noted above, the Company had no other transactions with related parties outside of the Group except those pertaining to transactions with key management personnel and shareholders in the ordinary course of their employment or directorship. Transactions with related parties for the sale of Focus Medical due to the restructuring process were adjusted in the Company's consolidated financial statements following the application of IFRS 10. See the "*Legal and Regulatory – Restructuring*" section of the MD&A.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed transactions as at the date of this MD&A that have not been disclosed.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the significant accounting policies, the Group has made the following judgments which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

JUDGMENTS

Determining the fair value of share-based payment transactions

The fair value of share-based payment transactions is determined upon initial recognition by an acceptable option pricing model. The inputs to the model include share price, exercise price and assumptions regarding expected volatility, expected life of share option and expected dividend yield.

Discount rate for a lease liability

When the Group is unable to readily determine the discount rate implicit in a lease in order to measure the lease liability, the Group uses an incremental borrowing rate. That rate represents the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term and with similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. When there are no financing transactions that can serve as a basis, the Group determines the incremental borrowing rate based on its credit risk, the lease term and other economic variables deriving from the lease contract's conditions and restrictions. In certain situations, the Group is assisted by an external valuation expert in determining the incremental borrowing rate.

ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that have an effect on the application of the accounting policies and on the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Changes in accounting estimates are reported in the period of the change in estimate.

The key assumptions made in the financial statements concerning uncertainties at the reporting date and the critical estimates computed by the Group that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

ASSESSMENT OF GOING CONCERN

The use of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. At each reporting period, management assesses the basis of preparation of the financial statements. The going concern basis of presentation assumes that the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

The Group's current operating budget includes various assumptions concerning the level and timing of cash receipts from sales and cash outlays for operating expenses and capital expenditures, including cost saving plans and restructuring actions taken in 2022 and in the first and second quarter of 2023. The Company's board of directors approved a cost saving plan, implemented in whole or in part, to allow the Company to continue its operations and meet its cash obligations. The cost saving plan consists of cost reduction due to efficiencies and synergies, which include mainly the following steps: discontinuing operation of loss-making activities, reduction in payroll and headcount, reduction in compensation paid to key management personnel (including layoffs of key executives), operational efficiencies and reduced capital expenditures. On March 8, 2023, the Company announced its strategy plan in Israel of reorganization of the company's management and operations in order to strengthen its focus on core activities and drive efficiencies to realize sustainable profitability. The Company reduced its workforce in Israel by 36% across all functions (including executives). All actions associated with the workforce reduction were substantially completed by June 30. 2023, subject to applicable Israeli law. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

BIOLOGICAL ASSETS AND INVENTORY

In calculating the value of the biological assets and inventory, management is required to make several estimates, including estimating the stage of growth of the cannabis up to the point of harvest, harvesting costs, selling costs, average or expected selling prices and list prices, expected yields for the cannabis plants, and oil conversion factors. The valuation of work-in-process and finished goods also requires the estimate of conversion costs incurred, which become part of the carrying amount for the inventory. The Group must also determine if the cost of any inventory exceeds its net realizable value, such as cases where prices have decreased, or inventory has spoiled or has otherwise been damaged.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In determining the fair value of all identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the most significant estimates generally relate to contingent consideration and intangible assets. Management exercises judgment in estimating the probability and timing of when earn-outs are expected to be achieved, which is used as the basis for estimating fair value. Identified intangible assets are fair valued using appropriate valuation techniques which are generally based on a forecast of the total expected future net cash flows of the acquiree. Valuations are highly dependent on the inputs used and assumptions made by management regarding the future performance of these assets and any changes in the discount rate applied.

IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND FINITE LIFE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company assesses impairment of property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets when an impairment indicator arises (e.g., change in use or discontinued use, obsolescence or physical damage). When the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets, the asset is tested at the cash generating unit ("**CGU**") level. In assessing impairment, the Company compares the carrying amount of the asset or CGU to the recoverable amount, which is determined as the higher of the asset or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value-in-use. Value-in-use is assessed based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects applicable market and economic conditions, the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of the asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount and is recorded in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

IMPAIRMENT OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS WITH INDEFINITE LIFE AND GOODWILL

Goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite life or not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever events or circumstances that make it more likely than not that an impairment may have occurred, such as a significant adverse change in the business climate or a decision to sell or dispose all or a portion of a reporting unit. Finite life intangible assets are tested whenever there is an indication of impairment. Goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing the carrying value of each CGU containing the assets to its recoverable amount. Goodwill is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGU's for impairment testing based on the level at which it is monitored by management, and not at a level higher than an operating segment. Goodwill is allocated to those CGUs or groups of CGUs expected to benefit from the business combination from which the goodwill arose, which requires the use of judgment. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the CGU's carrying amount exceeds it recoverable amount. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs' assets have been determined based on either fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use method. There is a material degree of uncertainty with respect to the estimates of the recoverable amounts of the CGU, given the necessity of making key economic assumptions about the future. Impairment losses recognized in respect of a CGU are first allocated to the carrying value of goodwill and any excess is allocated to the carrying value of assets in the CGU. Any impairment is recorded in profit and loss in the period in which the impairment is identified. A reversal of an asset impairment loss is allocated to the assets of the CGU on a pro rata basis. In allocating a reversal of an impairment loss, the carrying amount of an asset shall not be increased above the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in the prior period. Impairment losses on goodwill are not subsequently reversed.

LEGAL CLAIMS

In estimating the likelihood of legal claims filed against the Group entities, the Group management rely on the opinion of its legal counsel. These estimates are based on the legal counsel's best professional judgment, taking into account the stage of proceedings and legal precedents in respect of the different issues. Since the outcome of the claims may be determined in courts, the results could differ from these estimates.

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused carry forward tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the timing and level of future taxable profits, its source and the tax planning strategy.

VALUATION OF LOANS RECEIVABLE

For loans receivable measured at amortized cost or at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("**FVTPL**") under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("**IFRS 9**"), judgment is used by the Company in determining the fair value of the loan at inception of the lending arrangement and at each reporting period. The fair value of the loan at any given point in time is calculated based on the present value of estimated future loan payments, discounted using an interest rate that would be charged by another market participant for a financing arrangement with similar characteristics. Judgment is used by the Company in determining what the interest rate would be for sourcing a similar financing arrangement in the market. This can lead to material fair value gains or losses on loans held at FVTPL.

LOSS OF CONTROL OF SUBSIDIARY

On November 7, 2022, Trichome filed a petition with the Court for CCAA Proceedings in order to restructure its business and financial affairs. See "*Corporate Highlights and Events – Key Highlights for the quarter ended June 30, 2023*" for a summary of the CCAA Proceedings.

Management applied judgement in assessing whether this event represented a loss of control of Trichome. On filing of CCAA, which included the a request for an order to approve a sale and investment solicitation process and to approve a stalking horse agreement of purchase and sale, management concluded that the Company ceased to have the power to direct the relevant activity of Trichome because substantive rights were granted to other parties through the CCAA Proceedings that restricted the decision making ability of the Company to the extent that the Company was unable to demonstrate power over Trichome. As a result, the Company accounted for a loss in control and Trichome was deconsolidated on November 17, 2022.

Pursuant to a Reverse Vesting Order of the Court made on April 6, 2023, the Court approved a Share Purchase Agreement dated March 28, 2023 between Trichome the Purchaser, and the Purchased Entities.

The Share Purchase Agreement contemplated a reverse vesting transaction pursuant to which Trichome agreed to sell to the Purchaser, and the Purchaser agreed to purchase, all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of TJAC and MYM owned by Trichome for a purchase price of $3,375 along with certain deferred consideration. Pursuant to the Share Purchase Agreement and the Reverse Vesting Order, the Purchased Entities retained the Purchased Entities' assets, contracts and liabilities specified in the Share Purchase Agreement free and clear of any claims other than Assumed Liabilities, and all other Excluded assets , Excluded contracts , and Excluded liabilities of the Purchased Assets were transferred to, and assumed by the Residual Corporations, the shares of which are owned directly or indirectly by Trichome. The closing of the transactions contemplated by the Share Purchase Agreement occurred on April 6. 2023.

As a result of the transactions contemplated by the Share Purchase Agreement, the corporate structure of IM Cannabis has changed since the Purchased Entities were sold and the Residual Corporations were incorporated under Trichome (whether directly or as subsidiaries of the Purchased Entities and their shares were then Excluded Assets).

DERECOGNITION AND MODIFICATION OF LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Company uses its judgment in determining whether the change in the terms of the lending arrangement qualifies as a derecognition of the loan or a modification of the loan under IFRS 9. Depending on the Company's judgment, the manner in which the loan is treated, be it a modification or a settlement, can result in materially different results in interest revenue or other income. If there is a modification in a lending arrangement subsequent to initial recognition, the Company also reassesses the need to modify the expected credit loss associated with the loan.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model in determining the fair value of Options issued to employees. In estimating fair value, the Company is required to make certain assumptions and estimates such as the expected life of the options, volatility of the Company's future share price, the risk-free rate, future dividend yields and estimated forfeiture rates at the initial grant date.

ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES AND DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AS WELL AS INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment, as well as intangible assets, are dependent upon estimated useful lives which are determined through the exercise of judgment. Estimated useful lives are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any changes in the expected life of the asset and consumption of economic benefits from the use of the asset. Amortization as well as depreciation commences when the asset is first put into use. The expected life of any intangible assets with a finite life are assessed at the end of each reporting period.

LEASES

Judgment is used in determining the value of the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The value determined for the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities can be materially different based on the discount rate selected to present value the future lease payments as well as the likelihood of the Company exercising extensions, termination, and/or purchase options. The discount rate used to present value the future lease payments over the life of the lease is based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate at inception of the lease. This rate is determined by the Company using judgment.

In determining the value of the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, the Company assesses future business plans to determine whether to include certain extension options noted in the lease agreement.

If there is no interest rate implicit in the lease agreement, the Company uses a discount rate that would be charged to a similar borrower, with similar risk characteristics, in a mortgage loan to purchase the leased facility. This discount rate is used to present value the future lease payments in determining the right-of-use asset and lease liability values at inception of the leases.

DETERMINING THE FAIR VALUE OF AN UNQUOTED FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The fair value of unquoted financial assets in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is determined using valuation techniques, generally using future cash flows discounted at current rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics. changes in estimated future cash flows and estimated discount rates, after consideration of risks such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility, are liable to affect the fair value of these assets.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Under IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, judgment is required in recognizing revenue when variable consideration is present in a contract. In certain supply agreements, the Company stands ready to accept returns on cannabis sales, indicating the possibility of variable consideration.

Judgment is used by the Company in determining which of the above two methods of revenue recognition should be used when recognizing revenue from cannabis sales. Moreover, estimates are used by the Company in determining the amount of revenue to recognize upon delivery and acceptance of cannabis inventory to a customer.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES INCLUDING INITIAL ADOPTION

The Company's significant accounting policies under IFRS are contained in Note 2 of the Annual Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2022. Certain of these policies involve critical accounting estimates as they require management to make particularly subjective or complex judgments, estimates and assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts could be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions.

The following new accounting standards applied or adopted during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, had impact on the Interim Financial Statements:

a. Amendment to IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes to Accounting Estimates and Errors":

In February 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes to Accounting Estimates and Errors" (the "Amendment"), in which it introduces a new definition of "accounting estimates".

Accounting estimates are defined as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". The Amendment clarifies the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors.

The Amendment is to be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and is applicable to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Early application is permitted.

b. Amendment to IAS 12, "Income Taxes":

In May 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 12, "Income Taxes" ("IAS 12"), which narrows the scope of the initial recognition exception under IAS 12.15 and IAS 12.24 (the "Amendment").

According to the recognition guidelines of deferred tax assets and liabilities, IAS 12 excludes recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities in respect of certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of certain transactions. This exception is referred to as the "initial recognition exception". The Amendment narrows the scope of the initial recognition exception and clarifies that it does not apply to the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from transactions that are not a business combination and that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, even if they meet the other criteria of the initial recognition exception.

The Amendment applies for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted. In relation to leases and decommissioning obligations, the Amendment is to be applied commencing from the earliest reporting period presented in the financial statements in which the Amendment is initially applied. The cumulative effect of the initial application of the Amendment should be recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or another component of equity, as appropriate) at that date.

The Company estimates that the initial application of the Amendment is not expected to have a material impact on its financial statements.

c. Amendment to IAS 1, "Disclosure of Accounting Policies":

In February 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements" (the "Amendment"), which replaces the requirement to disclose 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose 'material' accounting policies. One of the main reasons for the Amendment is the absence of a definition of the term 'significant' in IFRS whereas the term 'material' is defined in several standards and particularly in IAS 1.

The Amendment is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Early application is permitted.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are measured either at fair value or at amortized cost. The table below lists the valuation methods used to determine fair value of each financial instrument.

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value	Fair Value Method
Warrants liability[1]	Black & Scholes model (Level 3 category)
Investment in affiliates	Market comparable (Level 3 category)

Financial Instruments Measured at Amortized Cost	
Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other account receivables	Carrying amount (approximates fair value due to short-term nature)
Loans receivable	Amortized cost (effective interest method)
Trade payables, other accounts payable and accrued expenses	Carrying amount (approximates fair value due to short-term nature)

Note:

1. Finance expense (income) include fair value adjustment of warrants measured at fair value, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to $(4,547) and $(5,905), respectively.

The warrants fair value for September 30, 2023 was measured using the Black & Scholes model with the following key assumptions:

	Issue date		
	May 2023	**February 2023**	**May 2021**
Expected volatility	97%	104%	97%
Share price (Canadian Dollar)	0.97	0.97	0.97
Expected life (in years)	2.589	2.342	2.589
Risk-free interest rate	3.62%	3.70%	3.62%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%	0%
Fair value:			
Per Warrant (Canadian Dollar)	$ 0.408	$ 0.418	$ 0.129
Total Warrants (Canadian Dollar in thousands)	$ 201	$ 2,208	$ 38

The Group's exposure to risk for its use of financial instruments are discussed in the Risk Factors.

PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In accordance with National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* ("**NI 52-109**") and Rule 13a-15 under the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**"), the establishment and maintenance of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures ("**DC&P**") and internal control over financial reporting ("**ICFR**") is the responsibility of management.

Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with applicable IFRS. Internal control over financial reporting should include those policies and procedures that establish the following:

- maintenance of records in reasonable detail, that accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets;
- reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable IFRS;
- receipts and expenditures are only being made in accordance with authorizations of management or the Board; and
- reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial instruments.

NI 52-109 requires the CEO and CFO to certify that they are responsible for establishing and maintaining DC&P and ICFR for the Company and have concluded that as at December 31, 2022, those internal controls have been designed and are effective in providing reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

The Company maintains a set of DC&P designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be publicly disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. As required by NI 52-109 and Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), an evaluation of the design and operation of our DC&P was completed as of December 31, 2022 under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our CEO and CFO using the criteria set forth in the Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013), issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based upon this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that as at December 31, 2022, the Company's DC&P and ICFR were effective.

There have been no changes to the Company's ICFR during the twelve months ended September 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

LIMITATIONS OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, believe that due to inherent limitations, any DC&P or ICFR, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that any design will not succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Additionally, management is required to use judgment in evaluating controls and procedures.

LIMITATION ON SCOPE OF DESIGN

In accordance with Section 3.3 of National Instrument 52-109 – Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("**NI 52-109**"), the Company has limited the design of its DC&P and ICFR to exclude the controls, policies and procedures of Oranim Plus (the "**Excluded Entity**"), acquired by the Company or by one of it subsidiaries within 365 days of the end of the period ended December 31, 2022.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company has implemented its DC&P AND ICFR in all of its subsidiaries.

LEGAL AND REGULATORY

RESTRUCTURING

Current Israeli law requires prior approval by the IMCA, a unit of the MOH, of the identity of any shareholder owning 5% or more of an Israeli company licensed by the IMCA to engage in cannabis-related activities in Israel. For a number of reasons, including the opportunity to leverage a network of multiple Israeli licensed producers cultivating under the IMC brand, and in contemplation of a "go-public transaction" to geographically diversify the Company's share ownership, IMC Holdings restructured its organization on April 2, 2019 (the "**IMC Restructuring**") resulting in the divestiture to Oren Shuster and Rafael Gabay of its interest in Focus, which is licensed by the IMCA to engage in cannabis-related activity in Israel.

IMC Holdings retains an option with Messrs. Shuster and Gabay to re-acquire the sold interest in Focus Medical at its sole discretion and in accordance with Israeli cannabis regulations, within 10 years of the date of the IMC Restructuring (the "**Focus Agreement**"). The Focus Agreement sets an aggregate exercise price equal to NIS 765.67 per share of Focus Medical for a total consideration of NIS 2,756,500, that being equal to the price paid by Messrs. Shuster and Gabay for the acquired interests in Focus Medical at the time of the IMC Restructuring.

As part of the IMC Restructuring, on April 2, 2019, IMC Holdings and Focus Medical entered into an agreement, as amended on January 1, 2021 (the "**IP Agreement**"), which provides for Focus Medical's obligation to use the IMC brand for the sale of any cannabis plant and/or cannabis product produced by Focus, either alone or together with other sub-contractors engaged by Focus Medical through the IP Agreement.

Focus Medical is also obligated through a services agreement, as amended on January 1, 2021, (the "**Services Agreement**") to use IMC Holdings for certain management and consulting services including: (a) business development services; (b) marketing services; (c) strategic advisory services; (d) locating potential collaborations on a worldwide basis; and (e) financial analysis services through the Services Agreement.

Under the IP Agreement, the parties apply an arm's length royalty as a percentage of the licensees' net revenues, on a quarterly basis in accordance with a transfer pricing analysis to be updated from time to time, as consideration for Focus' use of IMC Holdings' intellectual property.

Under the Services Agreement, the Parties apply an arm's length markup on total costs, on a quarterly basis, in accordance with a transfer pricing analysis to be updated from time to time, as consideration for the provision of such services.

Subsequent to the IMC Restructuring, according to accounting criteria in IFRS 10, the Company is viewed as effectively exercising control over Focus, and therefore, the financial statements of Focus Medical continue to be consolidated with those of the Company, despite the fact that the Company does not own Focus.

ISRAELI MARKET DEVELOPMENT 2013-2023

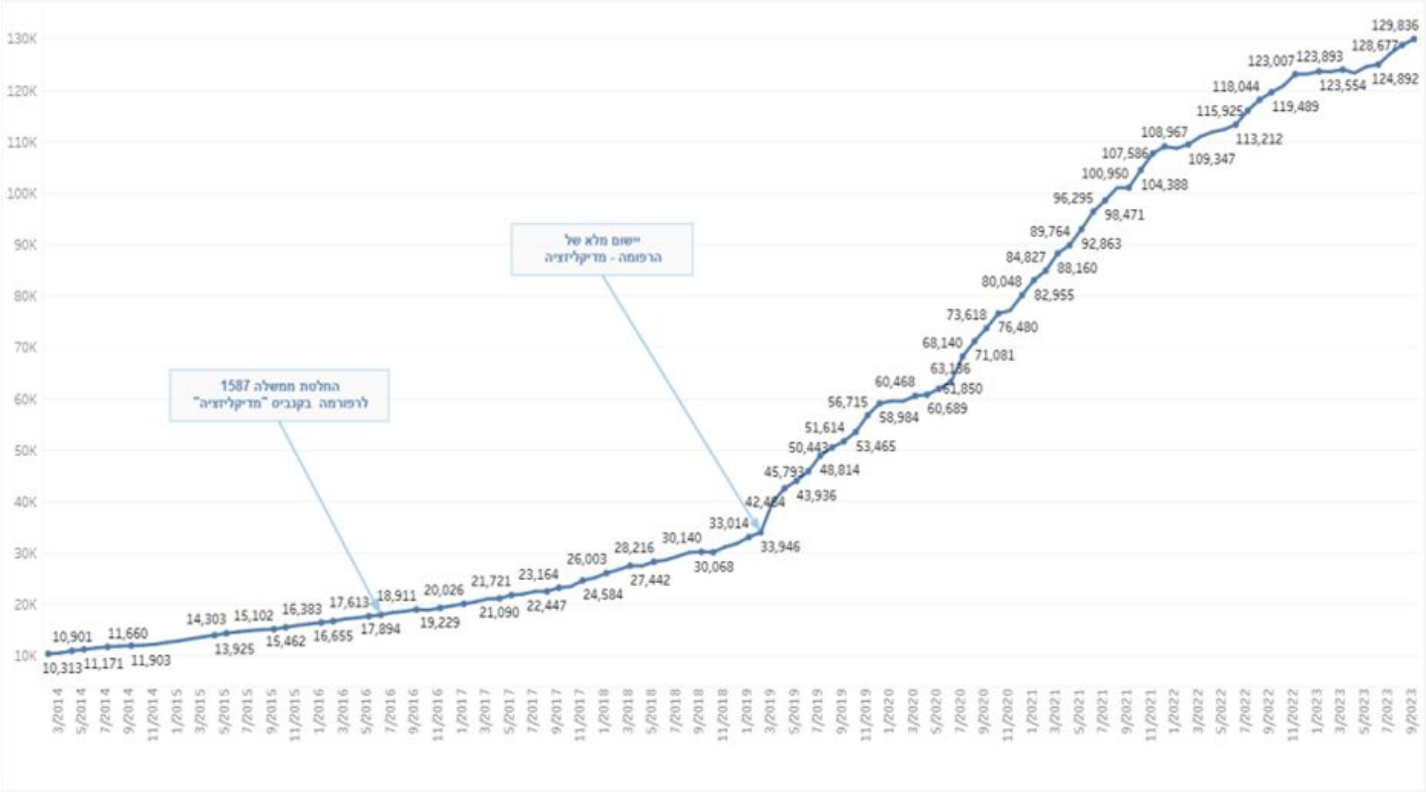
According to Israeli Ministry of Health, as of September 2023, there are 129,836 medical cannabis licensed patients in Israel. A monthly prescription of 5,048,000 grams of medical cannabis were recorded in September 2023 an increase of 569,000 grams of cannabis from September 2022.[2]

---

[2] Israel Ministry of Health – licensed patients' data as of September 2023 (as published on October 10 , 2023)
https://www.gov.il/he/departments/publications/reports/licenses-status-september-2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The chart below reflects the growth in licensed medical cannabis patients in Israel between October 2013 to September 2023[3]



REGULATORY FRAMEWORK IN ISRAEL

In Israel, cannabis is currently defined as a "dangerous drug" according to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance[4] ("**DDO**") and the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs ("**Narcotics Convention**"), to which Israel is a signatory. However, both the DDO and the Narcotics Convention allow for the use of cannabis for medical or research purposes under a supervised and controlled regime. The competent regulatory authority in Israel in all matters concerning the oversight, control and regulation of cannabis for medical production, consumption, and research in Israel is the IMCA, established by Government Res. No. 3069.[5] The production, distribution and consumption of adult-use recreational cannabis products is currently illegal in Israel.

Patient Medical Consumption

The use of cannabis is allowed for patients and for medical purposes, in respect of certain medical conditions, under a special approval of the MOH. Procedure 106[6] of the IMCA sets out a list of medical conditions that are allowed to be treated with medical cannabis products. Such authorized medical conditions are examined and updated from time to time, and include, among others, cancer, pain, nausea, seizures, muscle spasms, epilepsy, Tourette syndrome, multiple sclerosis, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and post-traumatic stress disorder.

---

[3] Ministry of Health – licensed patients' data as of September 2023 (as published on October 10, 2023) - https://www.gov.il/he/departments/publications/reports/licenses-status-september-2023

[4] Cannabis is listed in schedule 1 of the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance [New Version], 1973 [in English] https://www.health.gov.il/LegislationLibrary/Samim_01_EN.pdf

[5] Israeli Government Res. No. 3609 [in Hebrew], August 7th, 2011https://www.gov.il/he/departments/policies/2011_des3609

[6] Ministry of Health Pharmaceutical Division Policy Number 106 – Licenses for Use of Cannabis https://www.health.gov.il/hozer/CN_106_2019.pdf (in Hebrew)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Licensing and Authorization for Commercial Activities in the Medical Cannabis Field

In December 2017, the IMCA issued regulations that standardized the licensing process for any cannabis related activity (the "**Road Map**").[7] Pursuant to the Road Map, each operation in the medical cannabis field, including the propagation, cultivation, products manufacturing, storage and distribution to licensed pharmacies, and distribution from licensed pharmacies to licensed patients, requires compliance with the provisions of applicable laws, including the procurement of an appropriate license under the DDO from the IMCA and the maintenance of such license in good standing. Cannabis licenses may not be transferred, exchanged or assigned without the prior approval of the IMCA. The licenses are valid for a period of up to 3 years and can be renewed with the approval of the IMCA only.

The IMCA has issued a set of directives containing procedures and requirements for applicants for cannabis related activity licenses and has authorized certain entities to issue official certificates upon compliance with such directives. These directives include (i) Directive 150 (GSP Standard certification); (ii) Directive 151 (GAP Standard certification); (iii) Directive 152 (GMP Standard certification); and (iv) Directive 153 (GDP Standard certification). Regular and periodic examinations are conducted for licensed entities, in order to ensure compliance with the analytical standards and the level of quality required during each of the phases of production and distribution of medical cannabis.

Medical Cannabis Imports and Exports

The Narcotics Convention governs the import and export of cannabis between member countries. Since Israel is a member country, any export and import of cannabis is subject to the Narcotic Convention.

In October 2020, the IMCA issued an updated procedure, titled "Guidelines for Approval of Applications for Importation of Dangerous Drug of Cannabis Type for Medical Use and for Research" ("**Procedure 109**"), describing the application requirements for cannabis import licenses for medical and research purposes. Therefore, each import of medical cannabis is to be approved by the IMCA issuing a specific import permit for each imported shipment, rather than a general license for import. An application for import of medical cannabis can be submitted by an entity licensed by the IMCA for the conduct of medical cannabis related activity. The Israeli government approved the export of pharmaceutical-grade cannabis and cannabis-based products on January 27, 2019,[8] and in December 2020, the IMCA published guidelines for the medical cannabis export permit application process.[9]

Legalization of Adult-Use Recreational Cannabis and CBD for Non-Medical Purposes in Israel

Currently, adult-use recreational cannabis use in Israel and CBD for non-medical use is illegal. In November 2020, an Israeli government committee responsible for advancing the cannabis market reform published a report supporting and recommending the legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis in Israel. The Israeli parliament dissolved since then without applying the committee's' recommendations and all legislative initiatives were suspended. However, the new government, formed on June 13, 2021, declared, and settled in the coalition agreement, its commitment to legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis. Since the formation of the new government, several legislative initiatives were filed, including for the decriminalization of the possession of cannabis for individual recreational adult-use and the legalization of CBD for non-medical use. In February 2022, a Ministry of Health committee contemplated the legality of CBD and published its recommendation that CBD should be excluded from the DDO. The main recommendations of the committee were adopted by the Minister of Health, however, to date, the Minister has not enacted an order directing that CBD be removed from the DDO. On April 1, 2022, new regulations came into force which deemed the previously criminal offences of cannabis possession and use for self-consumption into administrative offences, which do not impact a criminal record, and limited the penalty to a monetary fine only.

---

[7] Directive 107 - Guidelines for the process of licensing the practice of cannabis for medical use, as amended on October 2020 [Hebrew] - https://www.health.gov.il/hozer/CN_107_2019.pdf

[8] Directive 4490 [Hebrew] - https://www.gov.il/he/departments/policies/dec4490_2019

[9] Directive 110, December 2020 [Hebrew] - https://www.health.gov.il/hozer/CN_110.pdf

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Previous Regime and Price Control

Until September 2019, under the previous regime, patients licensed for consumption of medical cannabis products by the IMCA received all of their medical cannabis products authorized under their respective licenses at a fixed monthly price of NIS 370, regardless of each patient's authorized amount. Since September 2019, under the new regime, licenses to patients were no longer entitling them for such fixed monthly price. However, some medical cannabis patient licenses granted under the previous regime remain valid, entitling their holders to receive medical cannabis products pursuant to the price controls and supplier restrictions of the former regime. All licenses under the previous regime expired in Q1 2022.

Regulatory Reform from Licenses to Prescriptions for Medical Treatment of Cannabis

In August 2022, the MOH published a draft outline of the transition reform from licenses to prescriptions for medical treatment of cannabis (the "**Proposed Outline**"). On June 13, 2023, the health committee of the Knesset approved The Dangerous Drugs Regulations (Amendment), 2023 (hereinafter referred to as the "**Regulations Amendment**"")[10], which entail a model change from issuing licenses to prescriptions permits following the publication of the Proposed Outline[11]. The Regulations Amendment allows accessibility and significant bureaucratic relief for patients. The purpose of the new prescription model (as defined below) is to enable qualified specialist doctors (excluding general practitioner, family physician, internal physician and pediatrician) to write prescriptions for medical cannabis for patients under the supervision of health care providers (widely known as Kupat Holim), without requiring a usage license from the Ministry of Health (hereinafter referred to as "**The New Prescription Model**").

The main changes in the Regulations Amendment are: (i) any specialized doctor can issue permits without the need for specialized training; (ii) the permits for the use of cannabis will be in the form of prescriptions, and not in the form of licenses from the MOH as the current framework requires; (iii) cannabis products can be sold in any pharmacy, and not only in pharmacies that have received a special permit from the IMCA and a license from the MOH. The Regulations Amendment will come into effect within 180 days from the date of their publication. To the best of the Company's knowledge, the indications approved as part of the Regulations Amendment encompass various conditions, such as oncological diseases, active inflammatory bowel disease, AIDS, Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, Tourette syndrome, epilepsy, autism, and dementia.

---

[10][Hebrew] -file:///C:/Users/MichalLebovitzNissim/Downloads/%D7%A7%D7%95%D7%91%D7%A5%20%D7%94%D7%AA%D7%A7%D7%A0%D7%95%D7%AA-10700%20(1).pdf

[11] [Hebrew] - https://www.gov.il/he/Departments/policies/reform-of-drug-prescription

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK IN GERMANY

On March 10, 2017, the German federal government enacted bill Bundestag-Drucksache 18/8965 – Law amending narcotics and other regulations that amended existing narcotics legislation to recognize cannabis as a form of medicine and allow for the importation and domestic cultivation of medical cannabis products. Under the updated legislation, cannabis is listed in Annex 3 to the Federal Narcotics Act ("**BtMG**") as a "marketable narcotic suitable for prescription". Legalization in Germany applies only to cannabis for medicinal purposes under state control in accordance with the Narcotic Convention. Currently, the production, distribution, exportation and importation of medical cannabis products in Germany is legal, subject to regulations and licensing requirements, while operations involving adult-use recreational cannabis products remain illegal. Nevertheless, current German government has declared in the coalition agreement its intention to open the German market also in the adult-use recreational market. On April 12, 2023, the German government published an excerpt paper of a 2-pillar model dated March 24, 2023[12]. The 2 pillars are based on the one hand on private and communal, non-commercial self-cultivation. In short, the private cultivation of recreational cannabis up to a maximum of 3 female flowering plants is supposed to be possible without punishment. In addition, non-profit associations are to be allowed to cultivate recreational cannabis themselves (not through third parties) under narrow, clearly defined legal conditions and to distribute it to members of the association for their own consumption. The framework conditions will be regulated in a separate law. The second pillar is based on a regionally limited scientifically accompanied and evaluated model project with commercial supply chains. Companies will be allowed to produce, distribute, and sell cannabis to adults in specialised shops within a licensed and state-controlled framework, with a special restriction to dispensaries and adult residents of certain districts/cities in several federal states (opt-in approach). A draft law on this part is not subject to notification, i.e. the Government is obliged to submit a draft law to the European Union Commission for their review and comments.

A draft bill related to the first pillar was published on July 6th, 2023[13]. On 16 August 2023, the Cabinet then passed the draft of a "Law on the Controlled Use of Cannabis and on the Amendment of Other Regulations" (CanG)[14]. It contains, as already the draft bill, a concrete specification for cultivation associations and their possibilities of cultivation for the circle of members. In addition, cannabis in the broadest sense (incl. cannabis resin and concrete THC compounds) shall be deleted from Annex I of the BtMG. For medical cannabis, this means that medical cannabis and its preparations would in the future only be considered as medicinal products or active ingredients, and no longer additionally as narcotics. This would lead to the fact that the special security measures for narcotics will no longer apply. Storage under GDP conditions would suffice. The dispensing receipt procedure according to the Narcotic Drugs Domestic Trade Ordinance (BtMBinHV) will no longer have to be applied, the obligation to report every six months will be dropped in favour of an annual obligation, as will the requirement for a prescription on a narcotic prescription. There will then also no longer be a need for a narcotics officer. Instead of the permit according to § 3 BtMG (for cultivation, production, trade, import, export, delivery, sale or other placing on the market), a new permit requirement is created,which is, among other things, connected with the designation of a new responsible person, which is quite similar to the previous licence according to § 3 BtMG with regard to the required information and data. The BfArM is responsible for the processing. The BfArM is also to receive annual stock reports on imported, exported and stock quantities. The BtMAHV remains in force. However, medical cannabis will remain subject to prescription, which can only be dispensed through pharmacies. Further details can be found in the CanG.

The legislative procedure provides for the draft law to be submitted to the Bundesrat. On 29 September 2023, the Bundesrat commented in detail on the government's plans for cannabis legalisation. With regard to various areas of cannabis associations, the Bundesrat sees a need for adjustment. The Bundesrat's statement was forwarded to the German Government, which has to draft a counter-statement and submit it to the Bundestag for a decision. If the Bundestag passes the law, the Bundesrat examine it again. It now remains to be seen how long it will take to adapt the draft so that it can be presented to the Bundestag again

[12] ttps://www.bundesgesundheitsministerium.de/fileadmin/Dateien/3_Downloads/C/Cannabis/Eckpunkte_2-Saeulenmodell_Cannabis.pdf
[13] https://www.bundesgesundheitsministerium.de/fileadmin/Dateien/3_Downloads/Gesetze_und_Verordnungen/GuV/C/Cannabisgesetz-CanG_RefE.pdf
[14] https://www.bundesgesundheitsministerium.de/fileadmin/Dateien/3_Downloads/C/Cannabis/Gesetzentwurf_Cannabis_Kabinett.pdf.

Medical cannabis in Germany must comply with the corresponding monographs of the German and European pharmacopoeia. Currently, there are only (non-harmonised) national pharmacopoeial monographs for cannabis flowers (e.g. in the German Pharmacopoeia (Deutsches Arzneibuch (DAB)) and cannabis extracts (DAB) in the EU. The Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC) as the European Medicines Agency's (EMA) committee responsible for compiling and assessing scientific data on herbal substances, preparations and combinations, announced that in view of uniform EU quality requirements (including with respect to import and export of cannabis), three new European Pharmacopoeia (Ph. Eur.) Cannabis monographs that are in preparation and may be of importance in the future:

- Cannabi-s flos (3028),
- Cannabis extractum siccum (3068),
- Cannabis extractum spissum (3069).

The EDQM recently announced that the final Ph. Eur. Monographs for Cannabis flower and Cannabidiol (CBD), isolated from the Cannabis sativa L. plant, will be published in European Pharmacopoeia (Ph. Eur.) Supplement 11.5 (January 2024), with an implementation date of 1 July 2024.

All BtMG permit applications must specify the strains and estimated quantities of medical cannabis involved and any subsequent changes must be reported to the Federal Opium Agency of Germany.

Unlike cannabis, CBD is not subject to German narcotics laws, unless it is synthetic CBD that has been included as a substance that can be prescribed and marketed in Annex 3 of the BtMG, which may or may not be subject to German drug laws depending on its use and dosage. Annex 1 of the Ordinance on the Prescription of Medicinal Products stipulates that CBD is in principle subject to prescription but does not specify a minimum quantity or a specific dosage form. However, a distinction must be made between consumable products that naturally contain CBD and those that are infused with CBD extract; the European Commission considers the latter to be a type of "food" and has recently indicated that all current novel food applications have at least insufficient data on safety and therefore none of the applications can currently lead to approval. In light of the above, various products containing CBD can be found in the German market. There are currently various court decisions that problematize CBD in food (specifically food supplements) and in cosmetics (specifically: mouth oil). On the one hand, CBD is regarded as a medicinal substance and/or as a novel food subject to authorization and therefore unsuitable for use in a foodstuff, and on the other hand as unsuitable for cosmetic use in the mouth, as CBD would ultimately be consumed in this case (like a foodstuff).

Cultivation in Germany and Distribution of Medical Cannabis Cultivated in Germany

The Federal Opium Agency of Germany's Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices ("**BfArM**") formed a cannabis division (the "**Cannabis Agency**") to oversee cultivation, harvesting, processing, quality control, storage, packaging and distribution to wholesalers, pharmacists and manufacturers. The Cannabis Agency also regulates pricing of German-produced medical cannabis products and serves as an intermediary of medical cannabis product sales between manufacturers, wholesalers and pharmacies on a non-profit basis. In late 2018, the Cannabis Agency issued a call for tenders to award licenses for local medical cannabis cultivation and distribution of German-cultivated medical cannabis products (the "**German Local Tender**"). The Cannabis Agency would serve as an intermediary in the supply chain between such cultivation and distribution. In April 2019, three licenses for local cultivation were granted. In consequence three companies in Germany cultivate on behalf of the Cannabis Agency of the BfArM. Each license permitted the holder to grow up to 200kg per year for total production of 2,600kg per year collectively from the 13 cultivation lots and 10,400kg over the four-year license period. In July 2021, the BfArM launched the state sale of cannabis grown in Germany. Since then, pharmacies have been able to purchase medical cannabis in pharmaceutical drug quality for the supply of patients from the BfArM via the portal www.cannabisagentur.de. The sale from the BfArM to pharmacies is at a price of 4.30 euros per gram.

The Cannabis Agency has no influence on the actual retail price of medical cannabis products and is not responsible for the import of medical cannabis products and will therefore neither purchase nor distribute imported medical cannabis products. As a wholesaler, the Cannabis Agency sells German-based medical cannabis products in its own name.

Import volumes and procedures

The current regime permits the importation of cannabis plants and plant parts for medicinal purposes under state control subject to the requirements under the Narcotic Convention, according to which, Germany must estimate the expected demand of medical cannabis products for medical and research purposes for the following year and report such estimates to the International Narcotics Control Board.

As a prerequisite to obtaining a German import license, the supplier must grow and harvest in compliance with EU-GACP-Guidelines and manufacture in compliance with EU-GMP-Guidelines and certifications, or alternatively, it is a pure EU-GACP product and the EU-GMP manufacturing steps then take place in Germany. All medical cannabis products imported to Germany must derive from plant material cultivated in a country whose regulations comply with the Narcotic Convention and must comply with the relevant monographs described in the German and European pharmacopeias. While these requirements also apply to the exportation of medical cannabis products, the current German regime does not allow domestically cultivated medical cannabis products to be directly sold to commercial entities other than the Cannabis Agency.

Dispensing Exclusively via Pharmacies

Medical cannabis products imported pursuant to an import license under the BtMG and AMG/BtMG permits are sold exclusively to pharmacies for final dispensing to patients on a prescription basis as 'magistral preparations', a term used in Europe to refer to medical products prepared in a pharmacy in accordance with a medical prescription for an individual patient. Magistral preparations require certain manufacturing steps in the pharmacy. Such manufacturing steps of the pharmacist typically include the testing and dosing of pre-packaged cannabis inflorescences (typically referred to as "floss"), medical cannabis products for oral administration (dronabinol), medical cannabis products for inhalation upon evaporation, and medical cannabis-infused teas. In addition to magistral preparations, medical cannabis products are also marketable as pre-packaged, licensed drugs (e.g. Sativex®).

NO U.S. CANNABIS-RELATED ACTIVITIES

The Group does not engage in any U.S. cannabis-related activities as defined in Canadian Securities Administrators Staff Notice 51-352 (Revised) –*Issuers with U.S. Marijuana-Related Activities*.

RISK FACTORS

The Company has implemented risk management governance processes that are led by the Board, with the active participation of management, and updates its assessment of its business risks on an annual basis. Notwithstanding, it is possible that the Company may not be able to foresee all the risks that it may have to face. The market in which IM Cannabis currently competes is complex, competitive and changing rapidly, and its business is subject to risks inherent in a high growth, heavily regulated enterprise, and the Company has identified certain risks pertinent to the Group's business that may have affected or may affect the Group's business, financial conditions, results of operations and cash flows, as further described throughout this MD&A . For additional risk factors, readers are directed to the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 available on the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar (the "**Annual Report**"). Sometimes new risks emerge, and management may not be able to predict all of them or be able to predict how they may cause actual results to be different from those contained in forward looking statements. Readers of this MD&A should not rely upon forward looking statements as a prediction of future results.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CREDIT RISK

The maximum credit exposure as of September 30, 2023, is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other current assets. The Company does not have significant credit risk with respect to customers. All cash and cash equivalents are placed with major Israeli financial institutions.

Loan receivable credit risk is managed by each loan separately according to the Company's policy, procedures and control relating to the borrower's credit risk management. At the end of each period, the individual loan values are assessed based on a credit risk analysis. As of September 30, 2023, the Company had no outstanding loans receivables.

The expected credit loss analysis is generally based on Management's understanding of the borrower's experience/integrity, financial health, business plans, capacity, products, customers, contracts, competitive advantages/disadvantages, and other pertinent factors when assessing credit risk. This would also include the assessment of the borrower's forecasts as well as taking into consideration any security and/or collateral the Company has on the outstanding balance.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company assessed the overall risk of the loan receivable balance and concluded that no expected credit loss under IFRS 9 was required.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Company's liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. As of September 30, 2023, the Company's financial liabilities with liquidity risk consist of trade payables and other accounts payable which have contractual maturity dates within one year, and lease liabilities. The Company manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis. Based on the Company working capital position as of September 30, 2023, management considers liquidity risk to be moderate.

CURRENCY RATE RISK

As of September 30, 2023, a portion of the Company's financial assets and liabilities held in Euro, NIS and USD consist of cash and cash equivalents in the amount of EUR 150 thousand (approximately $214), NIS 2,663 thousand (approximately $937), USD 14 thousand (approximately $19), respectively. The Company's objective in managing its foreign currency risk is to minimize its net exposure to foreign currency cash flows by transacting, to the greatest extent possible, with third parties in NIS. The Company does not currently use foreign exchange contracts to hedge its exposure of its foreign currency cash flows as management has determined that this risk is not significant at this point of time.

SHARE PRICE RISK

The Company's investments in unlisted shares are sensitive to the market price risk arising from uncertainties about the future value of these investments. The Company manages the price risk through diversification and tight management attention.

The Board reviews and approves all decisions related to investments in shares.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

At the reporting date, the Company's exposure to investments in unlisted shares measured at fair value was $2,202.

INFLATION RISK

Global economies are currently experiencing elevated inflation which could curtail levels of economic activity, including in the Company's primary production markets. This inflation is predominantly driven by costs of goods as input costs continue to increase as a result of several external factors including but not limited to general uncertainties caused by the Ukraine war, global supply chain constraints and rising energy prices. As such, delivery and distribution costs, utility costs and other necessary supplies at an economic cost cannot be assured. These are integral requirements for the Company's business, and it is reasonable to expect that inflation, supply shortages or increases in demand could impact the Company's future economic performance and competitiveness, as it may entail a meaningful increase in costs for various goods and services that the Company may not be able to pass onto patients or customers. In addition, the operations of the Company could be affected should interest rates, inflation or unemployment levels reach levels that curtail consumer trends and spending and, consequently, impact the sales and profitability of the Company. The Company may not be able to effectively or successfully address such risks and uncertainties or successfully implement operating strategies to mitigate the impact of such risks and uncertainties. In the event that the Company fails to do so, such failure could materially harm the Company's business.

TAX REMITTANCE

There can be no assurance that income tax laws or the interpretation thereof in any of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates will not be changed or interpreted or administered in a manner which adversely affects the Company and its shareholders. In addition, there is no assurance that CRA or any applicable tax authority will agree with the manner in which the Company calculates taxes payable or operated in paying its tax obligations and that any of the applicable tax agencies will not change their administrative practices to the detriment of the Company or its shareholders.

CONSOLIDATION OF CERTAIN FINANCIAL RESULTS UNDER IFRS 10 AND MAINTENANCE OF COMMON CONTROL

The Company complies with IFRS 10, which applies a single consolidation model using a definition of "control" that requires an investor (as defined in IFRS 10) to consolidate an investee (as defined in IFRS 10) where: (i) the investor has power over the investee; (ii) the investor has exposure or rights to variable returns from involvement with the investee; and (iii) the investor can use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

Subsequent to the restructuring of IMC Holdings on April 2, 2019, the Company analyzed the terms of the contractual agreements with Focus Medical in accordance with IFRS 10 to conclude whether it should continue to consolidate the accounts of Focus Medical in its financial statements.

Under IFRS 10, consolidation occurs when an investor can exercise control over an investee. Control is achieved through voting rights or other evidence of power. Where there are no direct holdings, under IFRS 10, an investor (as defined in IFRS 10) should consider other evidence of power and ability to unilaterally direct an investee's (as defined in IFRS 10) relevant activities. In view of the contractual agreements and the guidance in IFRS 10, notwithstanding that the Company has no direct or indirect ownership of Focus Medical, it has sufficient rights to unilaterally direct the relevant activities (a concept known as "de facto control"), mainly due to the following:

(a) the Company receiving economic benefits from Focus Medical (and the terms of the contractual agreements between the Company and Focus Medical cannot be changed without the approval of the Company);

(b) the Company having the option to purchase the divested 74% interest in Focus Medical held by Oren Shuster, the CEO, director and a promoter of the Company, and Rafael Gabay, a former director and a promoter of the Company;

(c) Messrs. Shuster and Gabay each being a director of Focus Medical (while Mr. Shuster concurrently being a CEO, director and substantial shareholder of the Company and Mr. Gabay concurrently being a substantial shareholder of the Company); and

(d) the Company providing management and support activities to Focus Medical through a services agreement.

Accordingly, under IFRS 10, the Company has "de facto control" over Focus Medical, and therefore consolidates the financial results of Focus Medical in the Company's financial statements.

Any failure of the Company or Messrs. Oren Shuster and Rafael Gabay to maintain "de facto control" over Focus Medical as defined under IFRS 10 could alter the Company's consolidation model, potentially resulting in a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations and financial condition of the Company.

POSSIBLE DIRECT INVOLVEMENT IN THE ISRAELI CANNABIS INDUSTRY

According to current Israeli regulatory medical cannabis framework, any engagement in Cannabis Activities requires receiving the applicable license from the "IMCA", an agency operated by the Israeli Ministry of Health, which requires, among other things, pre-approvals by the IMCA (the "IMCA Pre-Approval Requirement") of the directors, officers and shareholders holding 5% or more of the shares of the license applicant ("Material Holders"), and of all directors, officers and shareholders that become Material Holders following the grant of the applicable license. Therefore, if the Company will be considered by the IMCA as directly engaged in Cannabis Activities the aforementioned approvals by the IMCA might apply, on future security holdings, as described above.

Furthermore, any failure of the Company or its shareholders to comply with the IMCA Pre-Approval Requirement may impact the Group's ability to continue operating in compliance with any licenses to engage in Cannabis Activities or to renew such licenses. Any inability of the Group to maintain licenses for Cannabis Activities in good standing may result in a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

COMPANY'S ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN

The Group's current operating budget includes various assumptions concerning the level and timing of cash receipts from sales and cash outlays for operating expenses and capital expenditures, including cost saving plans and restructuring actions taken in 2022 and in the first and second quarter of 2023. The Company's board of directors approved a cost saving plan, implemented in whole or in part, to allow the Company to continue its operations and meet its cash obligations. The cost saving plan consists of cost reduction due to efficiencies and synergies, which include mainly the following steps: discontinuing operation of loss-making activities, reduction in payroll and headcount, reduction in compensation paid to key management personnel (including layoffs of key executives), operational efficiencies and reduced capital expenditures.

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Annual Financial Statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of assets or liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CONFLICT AND POLITICAL INSTABILITY IN EASTERN EUROPE

2022 has seen significantly higher levels of volatility in global markets due to market participants' reactions to, and uncertainty surrounding, the magnitude and timing of government and central bank action to be taken in response to heightened inflation, as well as Russia's invasion of Ukraine. This volatility has resulted in a decline in the level of activity in the financial markets. Continued market volatility or uncertainty related to actions taken or to be taken by central banks, a decline in the global macroeconomic outlook, including as a result of Russia's invasion of Ukraine and the threat, or outbreak of more widespread armed conflict in Eastern Europe would cause financial market activity to continue to decrease, which would negatively affect the Group's revenues and capital markets activity.

CONFLICT AND POLITICAL INSTABILITY IN ISRAEL

The Group is vulnerable to the political, economic, legal, regulatory, and military conditions affecting Israel and the Middle East. Armed conflicts between Israel and its neighbouring countries and territories occur periodically in the region and may adversely affect the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition. In addition, the Group may be adversely affected by other events or factors affecting Israel such as the interruption or curtailment of trade between Israel and its trading partners, or any restrictions or pressure on the Group's partners or customers or others to prevent or discourage them from doing business activities with Israel or Israeli businesses, a significant downturn in the economic or financial condition of Israel, a significant downgrading of Israel's internal credit rating, labour disputes and political instability, including riots, uprisings and government failures. Restrictive laws or policies directed towards Israel or Israeli businesses could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

From April 2019 until March 2021, Israel held four general elections as efforts to compose and approve a new government failed to find lasting success. As a result, the Israeli government was unable to pass a budget for fiscal year 2021 and many legislative matters were delayed. In December of 2022, Israel's new government took office as a result of a coalition of six political parties; however, the continued uncertainty surrounding future elections and/or the results of such elections in Israel may continue. Actual or perceived political instability in Israel or any negative changes in the political environment, may individually or in the aggregate adversely affect the Israeli economy and, in turn, the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Any armed conflicts, terrorist activities or political instability in the region could adversely affect business conditions, could harm the Group's results of operations, and could make it more difficult for us to raise capital. Parties with whom the Group does business may decline to travel to Israel during periods of heightened unrest or tension, forcing the Group to make alternative arrangements when necessary in order to meet our business partners face to face. In addition, the political and security situation in Israel may result in parties with whom we have agreements involving performance in Israel claiming that they are not obligated to perform their commitments under those agreements pursuant to force majeure provisions in such agreements. Further, in the past, the State of Israel and Israeli companies have been subjected to economic boycotts. Several countries still restrict business with the State of Israel and with Israeli companies. These restrictive laws and policies may have an adverse impact on our operating results, financial condition or the expansion of our business.

Furthermore, under Israeli law, citizens and permanent residents of Israel are obligated to perform military reserve duty for extended periods of time and are subject to being called to active duty at any time under emergency circumstances. In response to increased hostilities, there have been periods of significant call-ups of military reservists. It is possible that there will be additional call-ups in the future, which may include officers and key personnel of the Group's, which could disrupt business operations for a significant period of time.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

2023 ISRAEL–HAMAS WAR

On October 7, 2023, a war between the terror organization Hamas and Israel began. This war has a impact on the company's business operations. The company anticipates a negative impact in Q4 2023 and a potential positive effect in the medium to long term. The company has experienced damages to its ability to function, affecting various aspects, including employees, supplies, imports, sales, and more. While there are damages, it is still too early to fully assess the extent of their impact. Additionally, there have been changes in currency rates, with the US and CAD dollar rising and the currency weakness in the NIS. Since most of the company's revenues are in NIS, it has been adversely affected from this perspective as well.

JUDICIAL AND LEGISLATIVE REFORMS IN ISRAEL

Since and to this date 2023, Israel is undergoing political and social instability relating to the judicial and legislative reforms proposed by the newly elected government, creating certain instability and uncertainty. This instability which has a certain effect on the activity of the financial markets may cause material impact on the Groups' ability to operate in the Israeli market, which derives, among other, from: exposure to currency exchange rate and interest rate, reduced sales due to disruptive days and lower probability for capital investments.

CCAA PROCEEDINGS

Pursuant to a Reverse Vesting Order of the Court made on April 6, 2023, the Court approved the Share Purchase Agreement dated March 28, 2023, among Trichome the Purchaser, and the Purchased Entities.

The Share Purchase Agreement contemplated a reverse vesting transaction pursuant to which Trichome agreed to sell to the Purchaser, and the Purchaser agreed to purchase, all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of TJAC and MYM owned by Trichome for a purchase price of $3,375 along with certain deferred consideration. Pursuant to the Share Purchase Agreement and the Reverse Vesting Order, the Purchased Entities retained the Assumed Liabilities specified in the Share Purchase Agreement free and clear of any claims other than Assumed Liabilities, and all Excluded assets, Excluded contracts, and Excluded liabilities of the Purchased Assets were transferred to, and assumed by the Residual Corporations, the shares of which are owned directly or indirectly by Trichome. The closing of the transactions contemplated by the Share Purchase Agreement occurred on April 6, 2023. On September 14, 2023 the CCAA Monitor has asked for an order terminating the CCAA Proceedings and bankrupting Trichome and releasing the Monitor from his duties. On September 14, 2023, the Court issued a Termination Order including the reasons in relation thereto.

As a direct or indirect shareholder of the entities that make up the Trichome Group, the Company is subject to the priorities of other stakeholders in the CCAA proceedings and will likely realize no return in the restructure of the Trichome Group business.

CAUTION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this MD&A may contain "forward-looking statements" or "forward-looking information," within the meaning of applicable Canadian and United States securities legislation (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements"). All statements other than statements of fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements, including statements with regard to expected financial performance, strategy and business conditions. The words "believe", "plan", "intend", "estimate", "expect", "anticipate", "continue", or "potential", and similar expressions, as well as future or conditional verbs such as "will", "should", "would", and "could" often identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current expectations and plans with respect to future events and are based on information currently available to management including based on reasonable assumptions, estimates, internal and external analysis and opinions of management considering its experience, perception of trends, current conditions and expected developments as well as other factors that management believes to be relevant as at the date such statements are made. No assurance can be given that the expectations in any forward-looking statement will prove to be correct and, as such, the forward-looking statements included in this MD&A should not be unduly relied upon. Forward-looking statements is by its nature prospective and requires IM Cannabis to make certain assumptions and is subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. All forward-looking statements are provided as of the date of this MD&A. The Company does not undertake to update any such forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Forward-looking statements in this MD&A may include, without limitation, forward-looking statements pertaining to:

- the Company's business objectives and milestones and the anticipated timing of execution;
- the performance of the Company's business, strategies and operations;
- the intention to expand the business, operations and potential activities of the Company;
- geographic diversification and brand recognition;
- preparations to target, upon legalization, new cannabis markets;
- expectations relating to the number of patients in Israel licensed by the MOH to consume medical cannabis;
- the future impact of the acquisitions of the Israeli Pharmacies and the Panaxia Transaction;
- the expansion of its Israeli sales channels, distribution, delivery and storage capacity, and reach to medical cannabis patients;
- the future product portfolios of the Group and the Company's ability to export its products, strains and genetics to Israel and Germany;
- the opportunity and ability to expand in Germany and export to new, legal adult-use recreational cannabis markets in Europe;
- the competitive conditions of the cannabis industry and the growth of medical or adult-use recreational cannabis markets in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates;
- The future impact of the Regulations Amendment regarding the transition reform from licenses to prescriptions for medical treatment of cannabis;
- the growth of the Company's brands in the respective jurisdictions;
- the Company's retail presence, distribution capabilities and data-driven insights;
- the competitive conditions of the industry, including the Company's ability to maintain or grow its market share;
- cannabis licensing in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates;
- the anticipated decriminalization or legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis in Israel and Germany;
- expectations regarding the renewal and/or extension of the Group's licenses;
- the Group's anticipated operating cash requirements and future financing needs;
- the Group's expectations regarding its revenue, expenses, profit margins and operations;
- the anticipated Gross Margins, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA from the Company's operations;
- the expected increase in revenue and margins in its Israeli medical cannabis market activities arising from its acquisitions
- statements relating to the Company exiting the Canadian cannabis market to focus Israel, Germany and Europe;
- the Company's ability to achieve profitability in 2023;
- the continued listing of the Company's Common Shares on the Nasdaq;

- expectations related to demand and momentum in the Company's Israeli operations;
- the results of the restructuring of the Trichome Group under CCAA;
- cost savings from restructurings;
- future opportunities for the Company in Israel, particularly in the retail and distribution segments of the cannabis market;
- future expansion and growth opportunities for the Company in Germany and Europe and the timing of such;
- the Group's reliance on third party suppliers and partners and its ability to enter into additional supply agreements to provide sufficient quantities of medical cannabis to fulfil the Group's obligations; and
- contractual obligations and commitments.

With respect to the forward looking-statements contained in this MD&A, the Company has made assumptions regarding, among other things:

- the anticipated increase in demand for medical and adult-use recreational cannabis in the markets in which the Company operates;
- the Company's satisfaction of international demand for its products;
- the Company's ability to implement its growth strategies and leverage synergies of acquisitions;
- the Company's ability to reach patients through e-commerce and brick and mortar retail;
- the development and introduction of new products;
- the ability to import and the supply of premium and indoor grown cannabis products from third- party suppliers and partners;
- the changes and trends in the cannabis industry;
- the Company's ability to maintain and renew or obtain required licenses, permits or authorization related to its domestic and international operations;
- the Company's ability to rely on the export of, creation and maintenance of and maintain a consistent supply of imported cannabis from suppliers and partners;
- the ability to maintain cost-efficiencies and network of suppliers to maintain purchasing capabilities;
- the effectiveness of its products for medical cannabis patients and adult-use recreational consumers;
- future cannabis pricing and input costs;
- cannabis production yields;
- the Company being able to continue to drive growth from suppliers and partners into Israel, Germany and Europe; and
- the Company's ability to market its brands and services in Israel, Germany and Europe successfully to its anticipated customers.

Readers are cautioned that the above lists of forward-looking statements and assumptions are not exhaustive. Since forward-looking statements address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those currently anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements due to a number of factors and risks. These include:

- general business risk and liability, including claims or complaints in the normal course of business;
- any failure of the Company to maintain "de facto" control over Focus Medical in accordance with IFRS 10;

- regulatory authorities in Israel viewing the Company as the deemed owner of more than 5% of Focus Medical or licensed entities in contravention of Israeli regulations;
- limitations on stockholdings of the Company in connection with its direct engagement in the Israeli medical cannabis market;
- the ability and/or need to obtain additional financing for continuing operations;
- the lack of control over the Company's investees;
- the risk of defaulting on existing debt;
- the Company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- the ability of the Company to access future financing if needed or on terms acceptable to the Company;
- the failure of the Company to comply with applicable regulatory requirements in a highly regulated industry;
- unexpected changes in governmental policies and regulations affecting the production, distribution, manufacture or use of medial cannabis in any jurisdictions in which the Company currently operates or intends to operate;
- the Company's ability to continue to meet the listing requirements of the CSE and the NASDAQ;
- the Israeli government deciding to abandon the decriminalization or legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis;
- any change in the political environment which would negatively affect the prospect of decriminalization or legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis in Israel;
- any unexpected failure of Focus Medical to maintain in good standing or renew its licenses;
- any adverse outcome of the Construction Proceedings;
- any unexpected failure of Adjupharm to maintain in good standing or renew any of its Adjupharm Licenses;
- the Group's ability to maintain ancillary business licenses, permits and approvals required to operate effectively;
- the interpretation of Company's acquisitions of companies or assets by tax authorities or regulatory bodies, including but not limited to the change of control of licensed entities;
- the ability of the Group to deliver on their sales commitments or growth objectives;
- the Group's reliance on third-party supply agreements and its ability to enter into additional supply agreements to provide sufficient quantities of medical cannabis to fulfil the Group's obligations;
- the Group's possible exposure to liability, the perceived level of risk related thereto, and the anticipated results of any litigation or other similar disputes or legal proceedings involving the Group, including but not limited to the Construction Proceedings and the class action proceedings described herein;
- the impact of increasing competition;
- any lack of merger and acquisition opportunities;
- inconsistent public opinion and perception regarding the use of cannabis;
- engaging in activities considered illegal under US federal law related to cannabis;
- political instability and conflict in the Middle East, Eastern Europe and Ukraine;
- 2023 Israel–Hamas war;
- adverse market conditions;
- unexpected disruptions to the operations and businesses of the Group as a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic or other disease outbreaks including a resurgence in the cases of COVID-19;
- the inherent uncertainty of production quantities, qualities and cost estimates and the potential for unexpected costs and expenses;
- the Group's ability to sell its products;
- currency fluctuations;

- the risk of defaulting on existing debt;
- inflationary risks;
- any change in accounting practices or treatment affecting the consolidation of financial results;
- the costs of inputs;
- reliance on management; and
- the loss of key management and/or employees.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of risk factors is not exhaustive. Additional information on these and other factors that could affect the business, operations or financial results of the Company are detailed under the headings "*Risk and Factors*" and "*Contingent Liabilities and Commitments*" of this MD&A. The Company and management caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to have been correct. The Company and management assume no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances except as required by applicable securities laws.

Additional information about the assumptions, risks and uncertainties of the Company's business and material factors or assumptions on which information contained in forward-looking statements is based is provided in the Company's disclosure materials, including in this MD&A under "*Legal and Regulatory – Risk Factors*" and the Company's Annual Report under "*Risk Factors*", available on the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.

All forward-looking statements in this MD&A is qualified by these cautionary statements.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Report, is available on the Company's profile on SEDAR+ atwww.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.

Exhibit 99.4

Form 52-109F2
Certification of Interim Filings
Full Certificate

I, Itay Vago, the Chief Financial Officer of IM Cannabis Corp., certify the following:

1. ***Review:*** I have reviewed the interim financial report and interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of IM Cannabis Corp. (the "issuer") for the interim period ended September 30, 2023.

2. ***No misrepresentations:*** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings.

3. ***Fair presentation:*** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the interim filings.

4. ***Responsibility:*** The issuer's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings, for the issuer.

5. ***Design:*** Subject to the limitations, if any, described in paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3, the issuer's other certifying officer and I have, as at the end of the period covered by the interim filings:

   (a) designed DC&P, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that

      (i) material information relating to the issuer is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and

      (ii) information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and

   (b) designed ICFR, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.

5.1 ***Control framework:*** The control framework the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I used to design the issuer's ICFR is Internal Control – Integrated Framework (COSO Framework 2013) published by The Committee of Sponsoring Organization of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

5.2 **N/A**

5.3 ***Limitation on scope of design:*** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A

(a) he fact that the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have limited the scope of our design of DC&P and ICFR to exclude controls, policies and procedures of

(i) N/A

(ii) N/A

(iii) N/A

(b) summary financial information about the proportionately consolidated entity, special purpose entity or business that the issuer acquired that has been proportionately consolidated or consolidated in the issuer's financial statements.

6. ***Reporting changes in ICFR:*** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A any change in the issuer's ICFR that occurred during the period beginning on July 1, 2023 and ended on September 30, 2023 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's ICFR.

Date: November 13, 2023

"Itay Vago"
Itai Vago
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 99.5

Form 52-109F2
Certification of Interim Filings
Full Certificate

I, Oren Shuster, the Chief Executive Officer of IM Cannabis Corp., certify the following:

1. ***Review:*** I have reviewed the interim financial report and interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of IM Cannabis Corp. (the "issuer") for the interim period ended September 30, 2023.

2. ***No misrepresentations:*** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings.

3. ***Fair presentation:*** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the interim filings.

4. ***Responsibility:*** The issuer's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings, for the issuer.

5. ***Design:*** Subject to the limitations, if any, described in paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3, the issuer's other certifying officer and I have, as at the end of the period covered by the interim filings

   (a) designed DC&P, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that

      (i) material information relating to the issuer is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and

      (ii) information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and

   (b) designed ICFR, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.

5.1 ***Control framework:*** The control framework the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I used to design the issuer's ICFR is Internal Control – Integrated Framework (COSO Framework 2013) published by The Committee of Sponsoring Organization of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

5.2 **N/A**

5.3 **Limitation on scope of design:** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A

(a) the fact that the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have limited the scope of our design of DC&P and ICFR to exclude controls, policies and procedures of

(i) N/A

(ii) N/A

(iii) N/A

(b) summary financial information about the proportionately consolidated entity, special purpose entity or business that the issuer acquired that has been proportionately consolidated or consolidated in the issuer's financial statements

6. ***Reporting changes in ICFR:*** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A any change in the issuer's ICFR that occurred during the period beginning on July 1, 2023 and ended on September 30, 2023 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's ICFR.

Date: November 13, 2023

"*Oren Shuster"*
Oren Shuster
Chief Executive Officer